

#### **Disclaimer**

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events and potential financial performance.

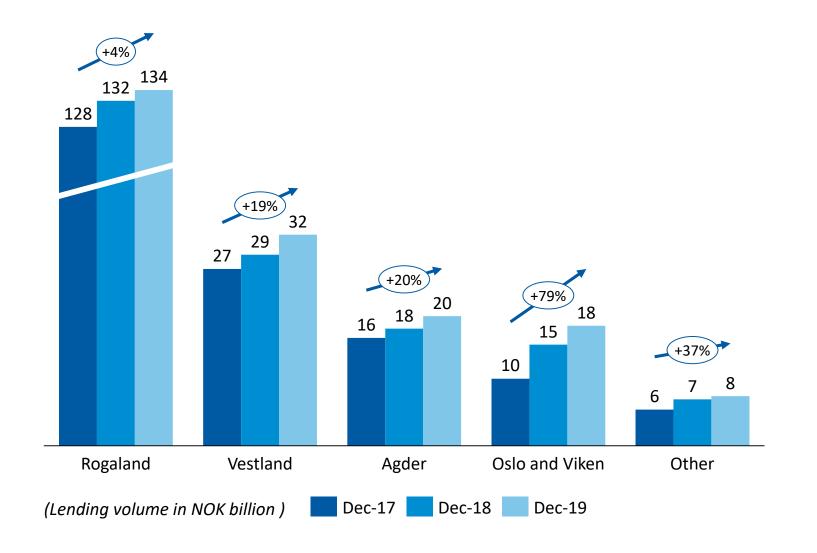
Although SpareBank 1 SR-Bank believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Accordingly, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors.

Important factors that may cause such a difference for SpareBank 1 SR-Bank include, but are not limited to: (i) the macroeconomic development, (ii) change in the competitive climate, (iii) change in the regulatory environment and other government actions and (iv) change in interest rate and foreign exchange rate levels.

This presentation does not imply that SpareBank 1 SR-Bank has undertaken to revise these forward-looking statements, beyond what is required by applicable law or applicable stock exchange regulations if and when circumstances arise that will lead to changes compared to the date when these statements were provided.



# Digitalization and growth makes us a finance group for the South of Norway



Bergen ( ) Haugesund ( ) Stavanger Flekkefjord **( )** Kristiansand

Based on the new structure of counties in Norway from 1 January 2020.

# A good annual result characterised by solid underlying operations, oneoff income and a high level of activity

14.0%

Return on equity after tax 2019 (11.3%)

12.1% excluding merger effect Fremtind Forsikring AS

Pre-tax profit is NOK 3.817 million (NOK 2.892 million)

8.3%

Return on equity after tax for the quarter (10.1%)

Pre-tax profit is NOK 626 million (NOK 676 million)

0.11%

Impairments on gross lending incl. covered bond companies 2019 (0.16%)

Impairments on loans and financial commitments is NOK 235 million (NOK 324 million)

37.9%

Cost to income 2019 (40,9%)

40.8% excluding merger effect Fremtind Forsikring AS

4.9%

12 months lending growth

Of which retail market 4.8% and corporate market 5.2%

17.0%

Common equity tier 1 capital ratio (14.7%\*)

5.50 per share

**Proposed dividend** 

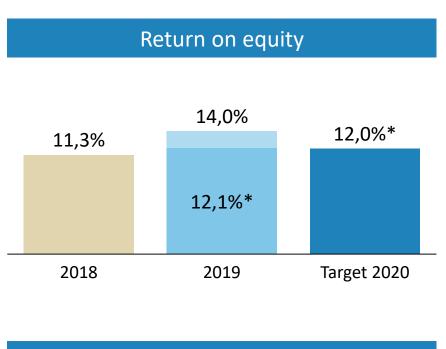
Dividend share 45%

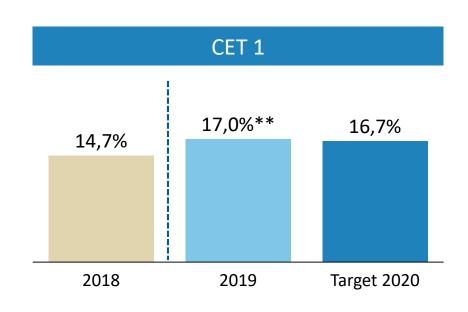


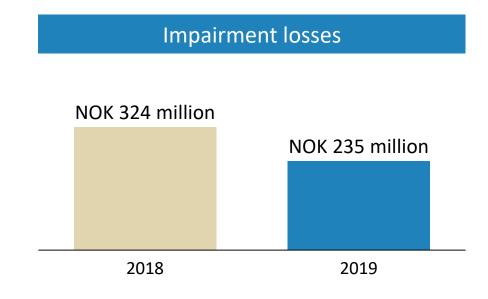
Percentage and amount in parentheses represents the same period last year.

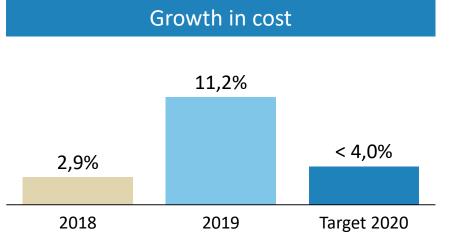
<sup>\*</sup>Based on the capital adequacy rules and regulations as at 31 December 2018, when the so-called Basel I floor applied.

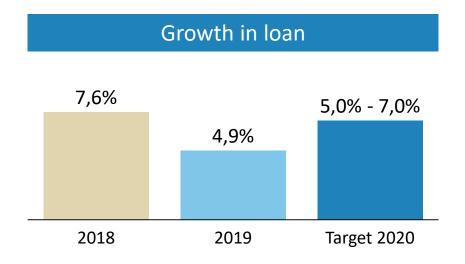
# **Key figures 2019 and financial targets for 2020**

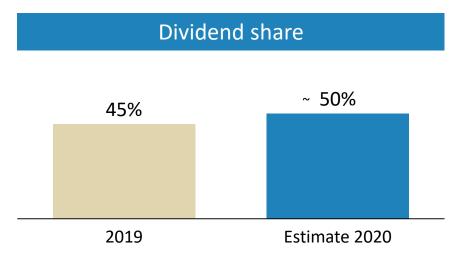










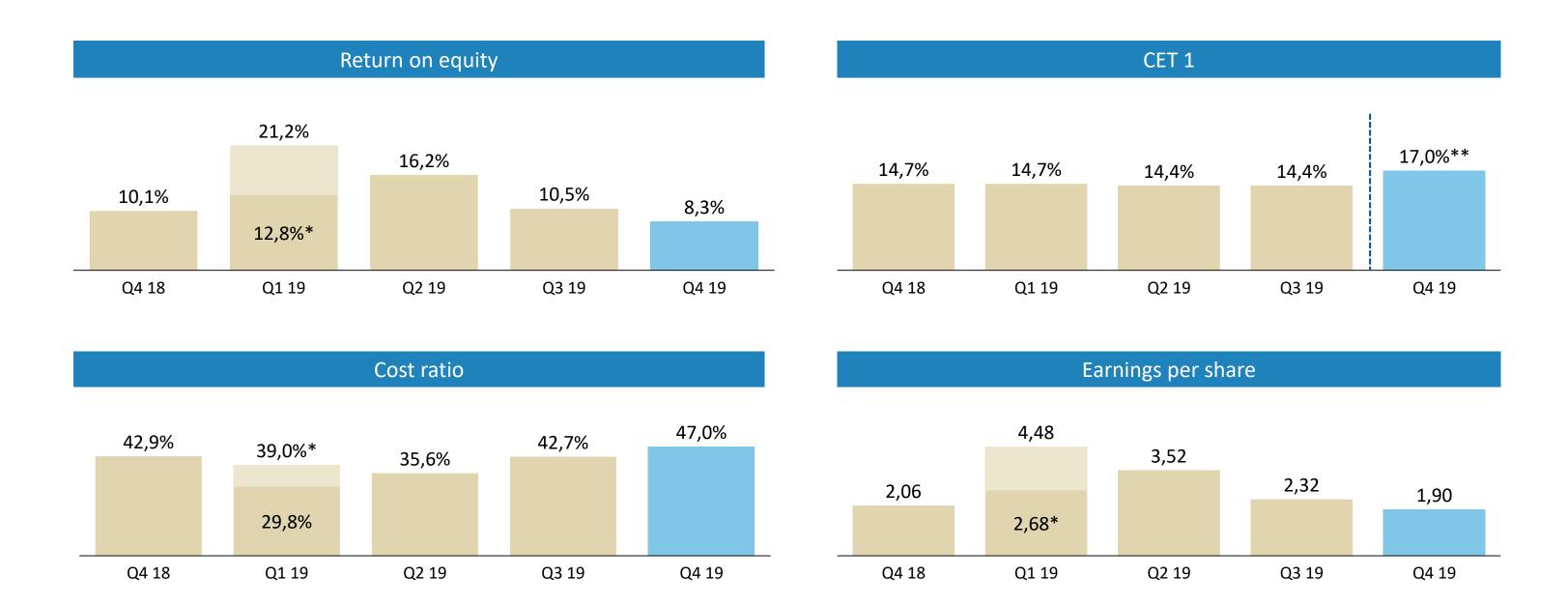


<sup>\*\*</sup>The EU's capital adequacy regulations (CRR/CRD IV) came into force on 31 December 2019. These entail, among other things, a reduction in the capital requirements for loans to small and medium-sized enterprises (SME) and the elimination of the so-called Basel I floor.



<sup>\*</sup>Excluding merger effect Fremtind Forsikring AS.

# **Key figures – quarterly development**

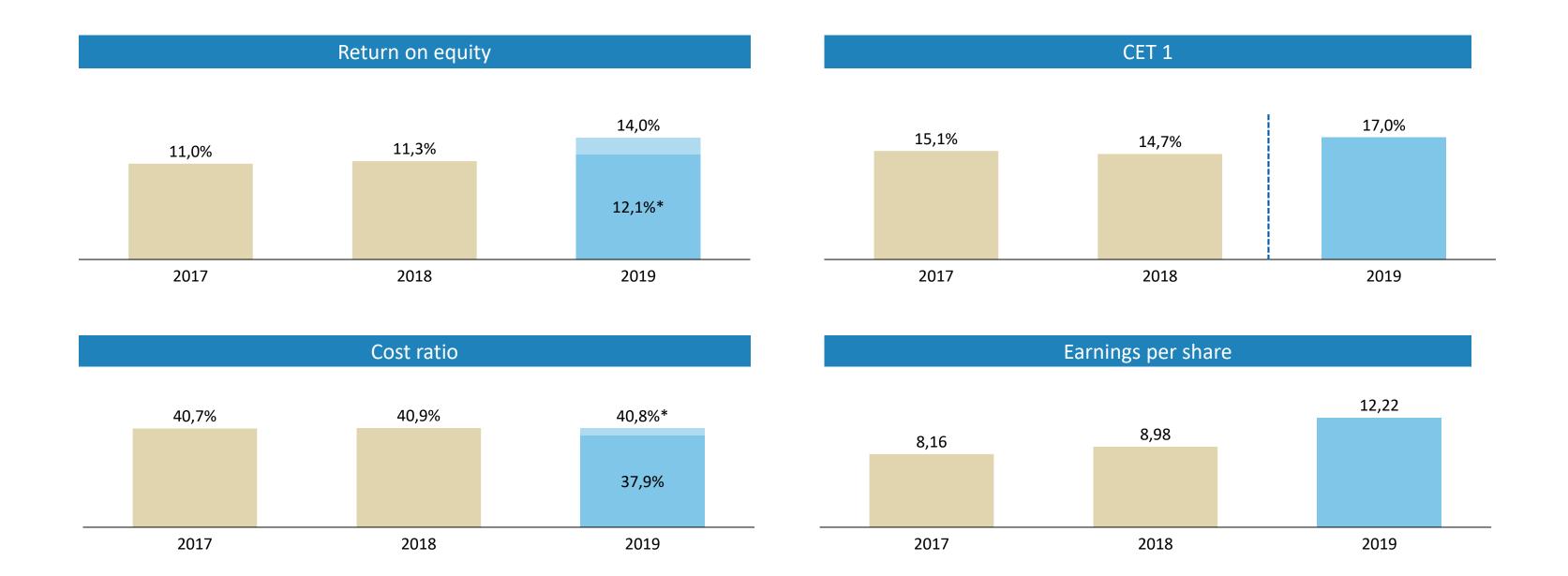


 $<sup>{\</sup>it *Excluding merger effect Fremtind Forsikring AS.}$ 

<sup>\*\*</sup> The EU's capital adequacy regulations (CRR/CRD IV) came into force on 31 December 2019. These entail, among other things, a reduction in the capital requirements for loans to small and medium-sized enterprises (SME) and the elimination of the so-called Basel I floor.



# **Key Figures – annual development**



<sup>\*</sup>Excluding merger effect Fremtind Forsikring AS.



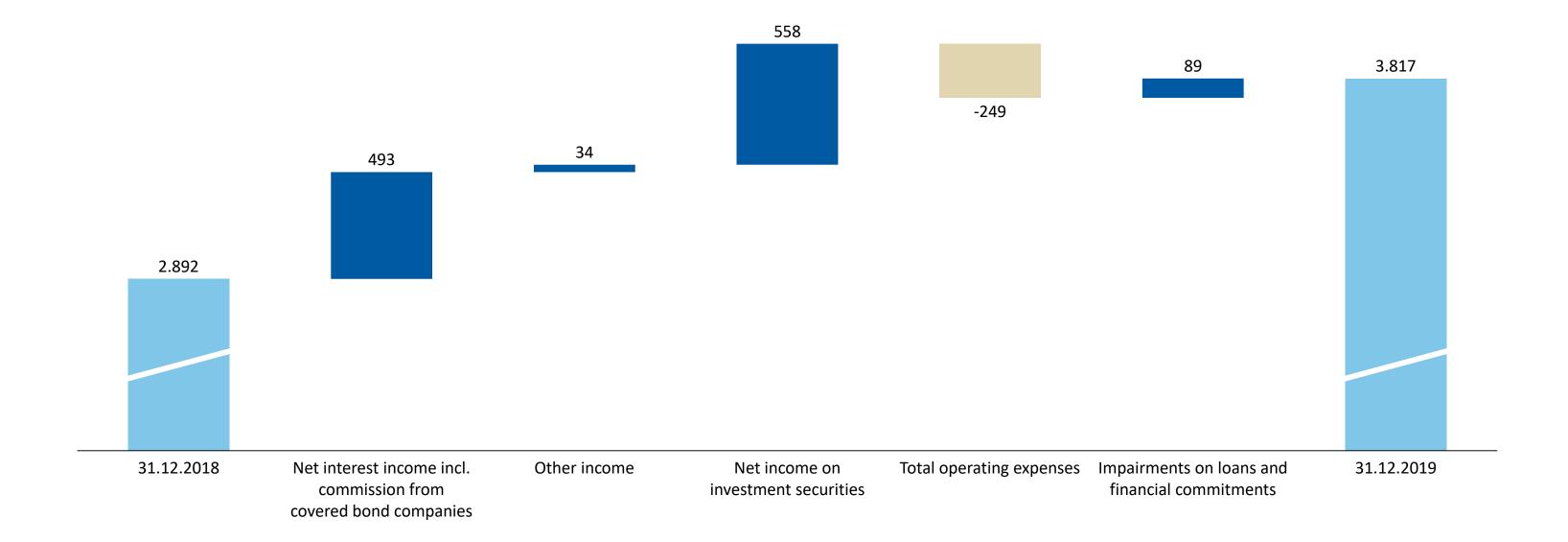
<sup>\*\*</sup> The EU's capital adequacy regulations (CRR/CRD IV) came into force on 31 December 2019. These entail, among other things, a reduction in the capital requirements for loans to small and medium-sized enterprises (SME) and the elimination of the so-called Basel I floor.

#### **Income statement**

Group Income Statement (MNOK)	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	Q4 2019	Q3 2019	Q2 2019	Q1 2019	Q4 2018
Net interest income	3.987	3.439	1.062	1.019	968	938	926
Net commission and other income	1.416	1.437	359	332	384	341	350
Net income on investment securities	1.127	569	22	89	340	676	68
Total income	6.530	5.445	1.443	1.440	1.692	1.955	1.344
Total operating expenses	2.478	2.229	678	615	602	583	576
Operating profit before impairments	4.052	3.216	765	825	1.090	1.372	768
Impairments on loans and financial commitments	235	324	139	66	-19	49	92
Operating profit before tax	3.817	2.892	626	759	1.109	1.323	676
Tax expense	693	596	141	166	209	177	149
Net profit	3.124	2.296	485	593	900	1.146	527



# Change in profit 31.12.2018 – 31.12.2019



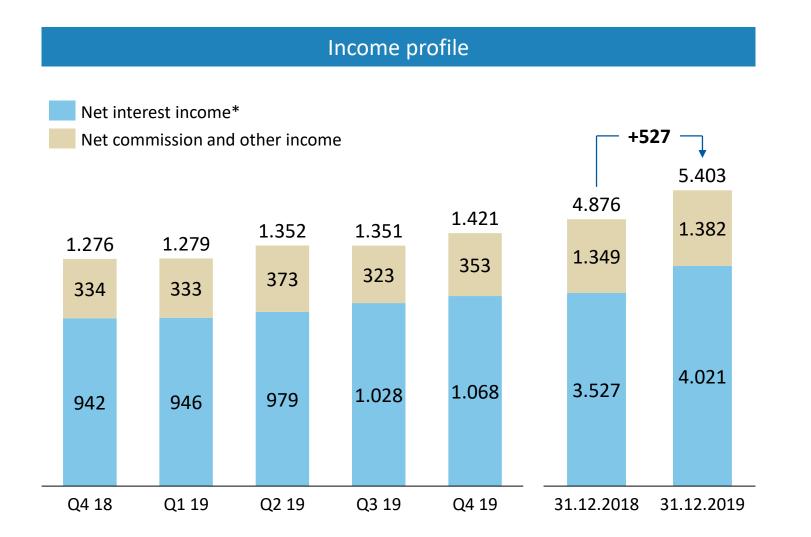


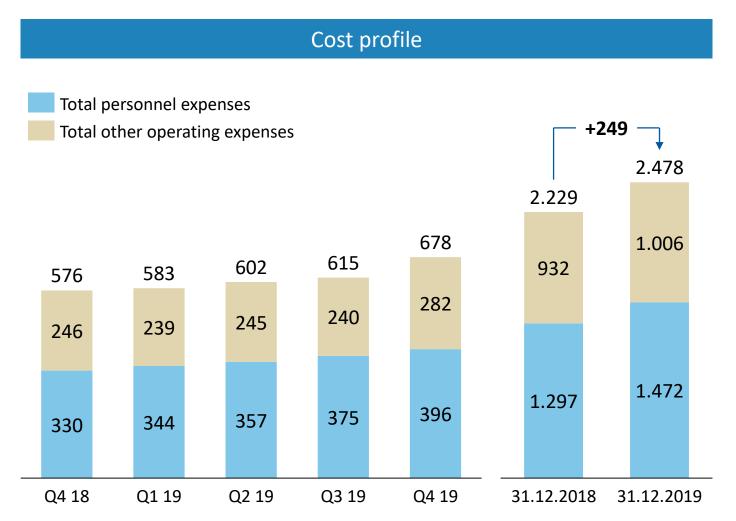
# **Key figures**

	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	Q4 19	Q3 19	Q2 19	Q1 19	Q4 18
Return on equity after tax (%)	14,0	11,3	8,3	10,5	16,2	21,2	10,1
Net interest margin (%)	1,61	1,54	1,64	1,61	1,58	1,60	1,59
Impairments on loans in % of gross loans incl. covered bond companies	0,11	0,17	0,26	0,13	-0,04	0,10	0,18
Loans and financial commitments in Stage 3 in % of gross loans incl. covered bond companies	1,53	1,46	1,53	1,55	1,43	1,40	1,46
Cost to Income ratio	37,9	40,9	47,0	42,7	35,6	29,8	42,9
Annual growth in loans to customers, gross incl. covered bond companies (%)	4,9	7,6	4,9	6,8	7,3	8,7	7,6
Annual growth in deposit from customers (%)	4,3	3,6	4,3	1,9	-3,0	-0,6	3,6
Total assets (BNOK)	255,9	234,1	255,9	251,6	246,5	241,9	234,1
Portfolio of loans in covered bond companies (BNOK)	4,2	9,3	4,2	6,3	8,9	9,0	9,3
Risk weighted assets (BNOK)*	121,7	130,9	121,7	141,7	139,5	134,7	130,9
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) (%)	155	167	155	153	154	172	167
Earnings per share (NOK)	12,22	8,98	1,90	2,32	3,52	4,48	2,06
Book value per share (NOK)	89,90	82,27	89,90	87,60	85,44	86,55	82,27



# Consolidated income and cost profile

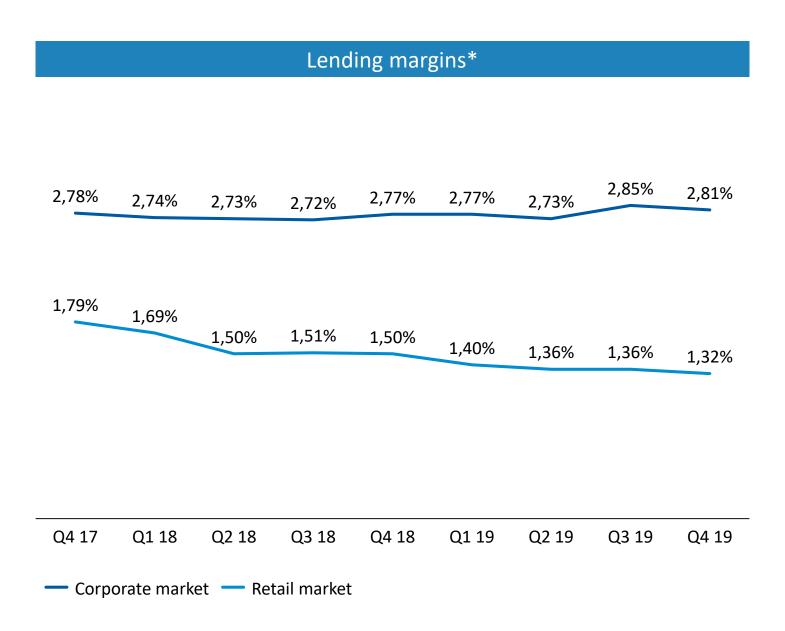


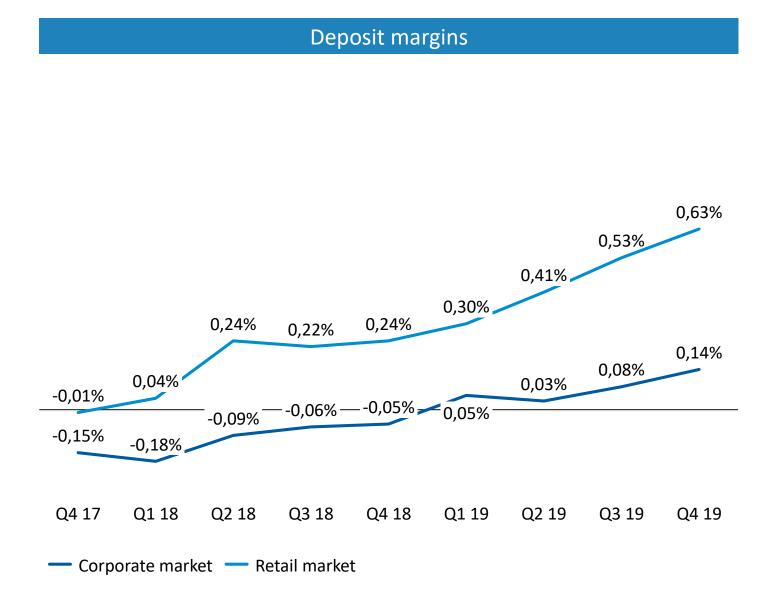


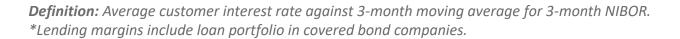


<sup>\*</sup>Income profile consists of net interest income, incl. commission income from covered bond companies, and net commission and other income excl. financial income.

# Lending and deposit margins

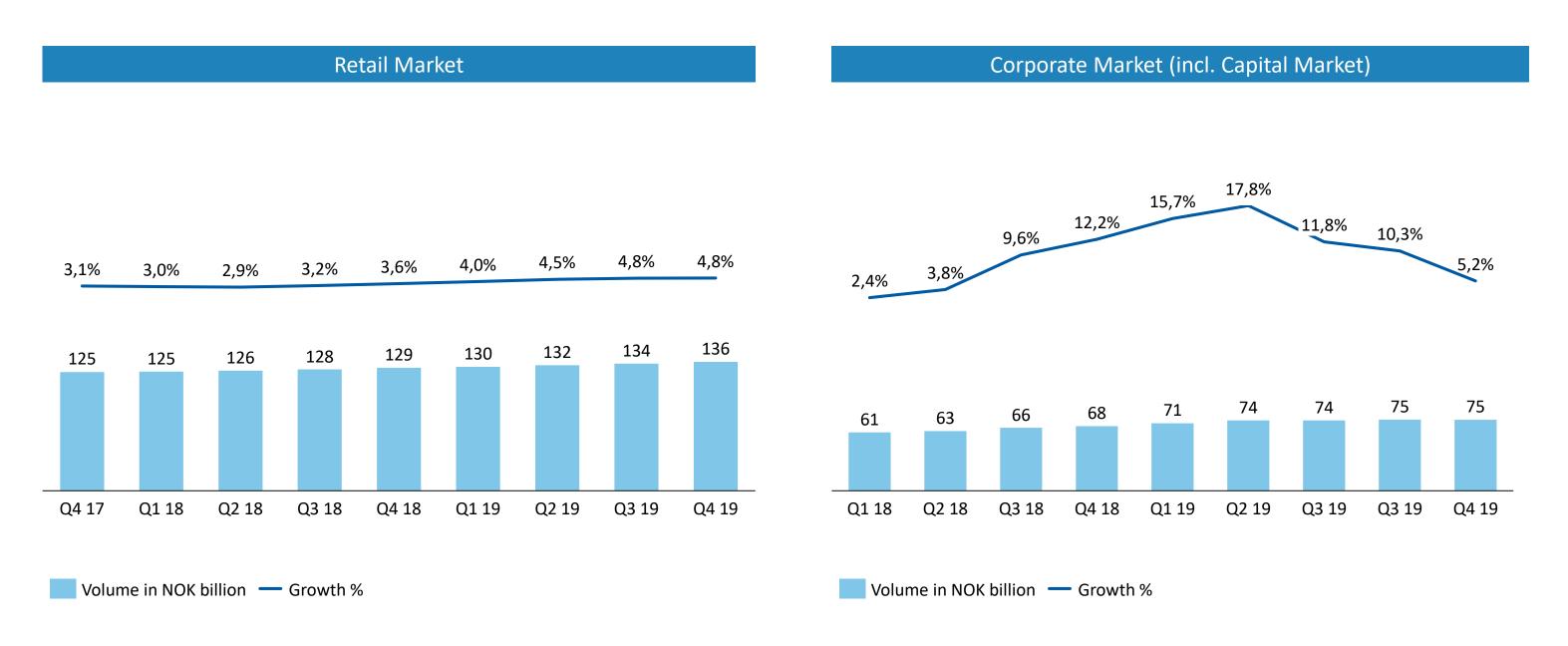


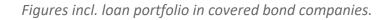






# Lending volume and 12 months growth

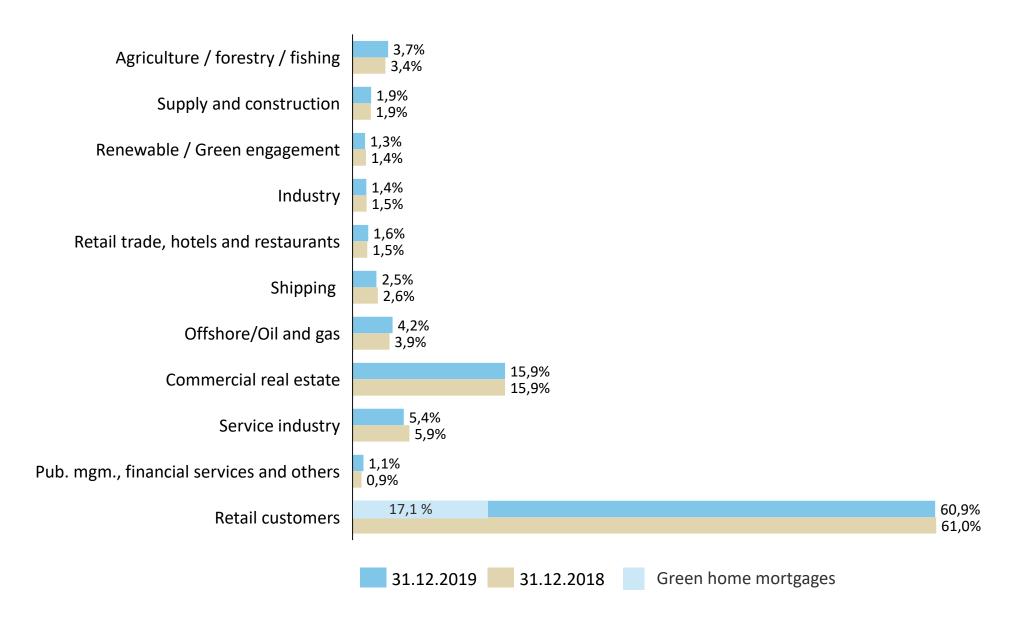






# Loan portfolio as at 31.12.2019

- Gross loans (incl. covered bond companies) as at 31 December 2019 is increased to NOK 211.4 billion from NOK 201.4 billion at the same time the year before.
- 12-month growth in loans of 4.9%.
- Loans to retail customers (incl. covered bond company) account for 60.9% of total loans. Of this SB1 Boligkreditt accounts for 3.3% and green home mortgages 17,1%.

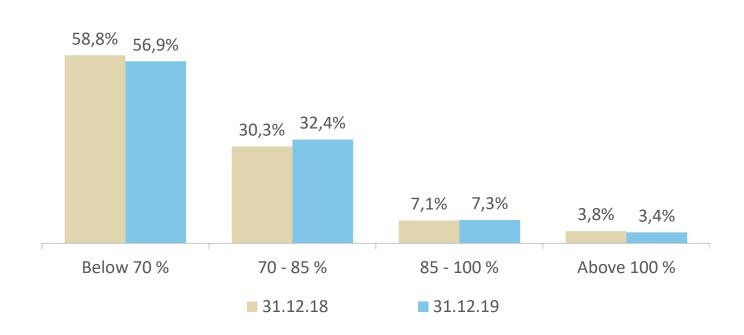




### Loan to value ratio and RWA on home mortgage loans

#### Loan to value ratio on home mortgage loans

- The proportion of loans with a loan-to-value ratio of less than 85% is high.
  - 89% of the exposure is within 85% of the assessed value of collateral.



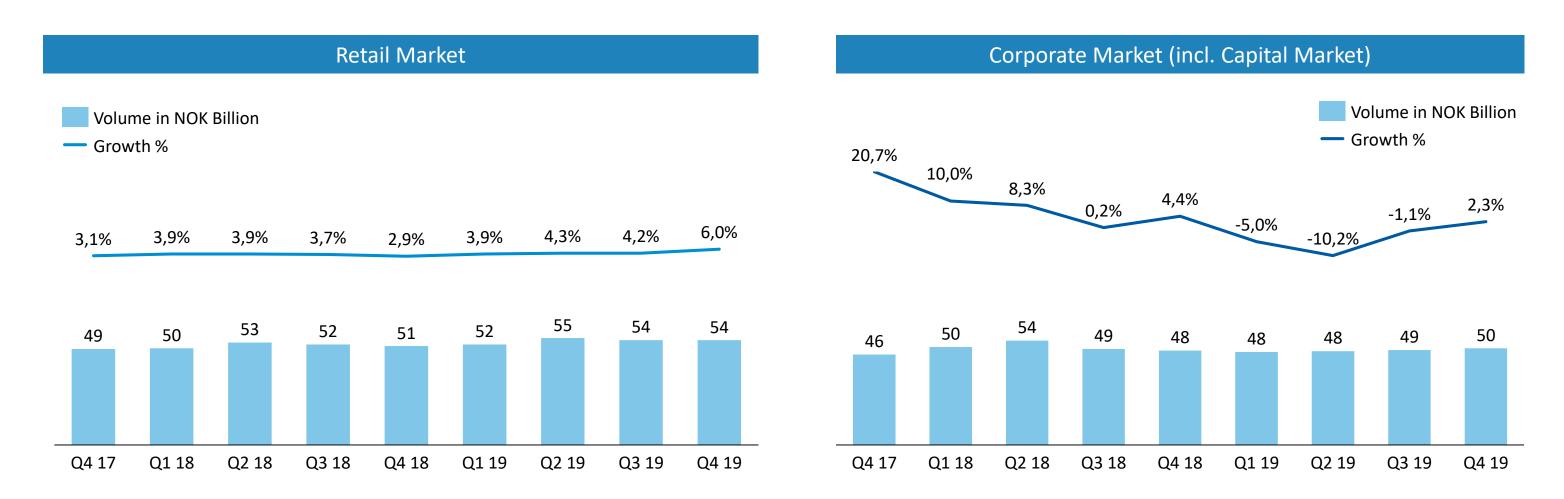
#### RWA home mortgages

• RWA on home mortgages reflects a solid and stable portfolio.





# Deposit volume and 12 month growth



- In the last 12 months the total deposit volume has increased by NOK 4.3 billion to NOK 103.1 billion, or 4.3% in the period.
  - Deposit growth is 6.9% at the end of fourth quarter of 2019, excl. public sector.
- Volatility in deposit growth in the corporate market (incl. capital market) is mainly due to changes in deposit from public sector.



# **Net commission and other income**

MNOK	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	Q4 2019	Q3 2019	Q2 2019	Q1 2019	Q4 2018
Payment facilities	271	260	66	77	66	62	66
Savings/placements	192	196	47	46	53	46	47
Insurance products	192	189	50	48	48	46	46
Commission income real estate broking	399	382	101	91	108	99	98
Guarantee commission	93	108	24	23	22	24	25
Arrangement- and customer fees	90	99	23	6	35	26	22
Accounting services SpareBank 1 Regnskapshuset SR	126	99	31	30	38	27	24
Other	20	16	11	3	3	3	6
Net commission and other income excl. covered bond companies	1.383	1.349	353	324	373	333	334
Commission income SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt	33	88	6	8	11	8	16
Net commission and other income incl. covered bond companies	1.416	1.437	359	332	384	341	350



#### Net income on investment securities

MNOK	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	Q4 19	Q3 19	Q2 19	Q1 19	Q4 18
Dividends	31	12	0	4	8	19	0
Investment income, associates	875	366	15	98	226	536	113
Securities gains/losses	96	84	20	-24	4	96	-44
- of which capital change in shares and certificates	111	163	36	-6	19	62	11
- of which capital change in certificates and bonds	-156	-230	-96	-45	-18	3	-50
- of which derivatives; bonds and certificates	141	151	80	27	3	31	-5
Currency/interest gains/losses	125	107	-13	11	102	25	-1
- of which currency customer- and own-account trading	131	135	37	33	32	29	24
- of which value change basis swap spread	-10	-38	-34	-16	53	-13	-34
- of which counterparty risk derivatives including CVA	0	0	1	-2	0	1	-1
- of which IFRS-effects	4	10	-17	-4	17	8	10
Net income on investment securities	1.127	569	22	89	340	676	68



#### **Subsidiaries**

Subsidiaries	MNOK	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
EiendomsMegler 1 SR-Eiendom AS	Number of sales	6.441	6.487
	Operating profit before tax	6	11
SR-Forvaltning AS	Capital under management (BNOK)	13	11
	Operating profit before tax	25	35
FinStart Nordic AS	Operating profit before tax*	27	60
SpareBank 1 Regnskapshuset SR AS	Operating profit before tax**	11	4
SR-Boligkreditt AS	Operating profit before tax	583	374
Monner AS	Operating profit before tax***	-7	0
Rygir Industrier AS and other	Operating profit before tax	-15	-12
Total subsidiaries	Operating profit before tax	630	472

<sup>\*</sup> The result in FinStart Nordic is consolidated and includes result from subsidiaries Beaufort Solutions AS.



<sup>\*\*</sup>The result in Regnskapshuset includes amortization of intangible assets of NOK 2.5 million (NOK 1.9 million per 31.12.2018).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>SpareBank 1 SR-Bank ASA purchased 100% of the shares in Monner AS on 1 July 2019.

# **Ownership interests**

Ownership interests	MNOK	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
SpareBank 1 Gruppen AS	Interest ownership	19,5%	19,5 %
	Profit after tax	252	289
	Profit effect merger	460	IA
SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS	Interest ownership	2,2%	4,8 %
	Profit after tax	6	-3
SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS	Interest ownership	15,6%	14,4 %
	Profit after tax	12	9
BN Bank ASA	Interest ownership*	35,0%	23,5 %
	Profit after tax	109	65
SpareBank 1 Kredittkort AS	Interest ownership	17,8%	17,9 %
	Profit after tax	13	23
SpareBank 1 Betaling AS	Interest ownership	19,8%	19,8 %
	Profit after tax	-11	-11
	Adjusted profit previous years	14	-6
Other	Profit after tax	-2	0
Total ownership interests	Profit after tax	853	366
FinStart Nordic AS	Profit shares**	22	0
Total ownership interests in the Group	Profit after tax	875	366

<sup>\*</sup>The stake increased to 35% in the second quarter of 2019 in connection with an agreement on changing the ownership model in BN Bank ASA.



<sup>\*\*</sup>Companies in which FinStart Nordic AS owns stakes of between 20-50% must, because of accounting rules, be measured as associated companies in the consolidated financial statements.

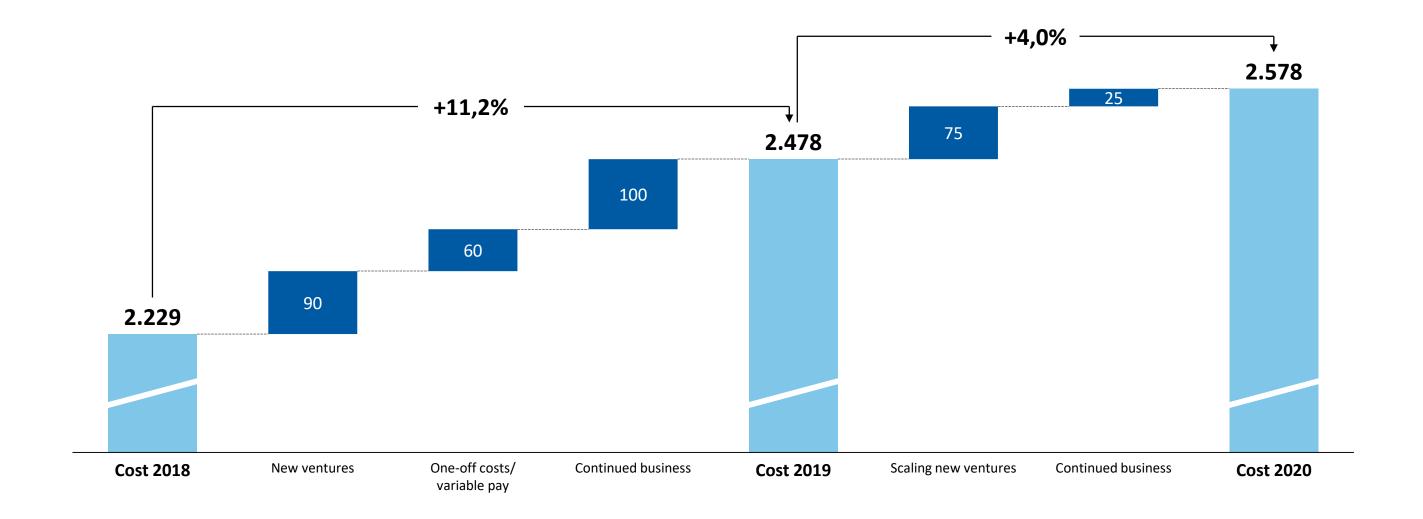
# **Operating expenses**

MNOK	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	Q4 2019	Q3 2019	Q2 2019	Q1 2019	Q4 2018
Payroll and pensions	1.211	1.067	328	307	294	282	270
Other staff expenses	261	230	68	68	63	62	60
Total personnel expenses	1.472	1.297	396	375	357	344	330
IT expenses	364	331	91	91	92	90	85
Marketing	90	88	31	20	20	19	26
Other administrative expenses	101	99	30	21	25	25	26
Total administrative expenses	555	518	152	132	137	134	137
Depreciation*	137	82	37	40	31	29	20
Operating expenses from real estate	35	33	12	7	8	8	8
Other operating expenses*	279	299	81	61	69	68	81
Total other operating expenses	451	414	130	108	108	105	109
Total operating expenses	2.478	2.229	678	615	602	583	576



<sup>\*</sup>Increased depreciation and decreased other operation expenses in 2019 is due to the introduction of new regulations, IFRS 16 for leases, as of 1 January 2019.

# **Growth in cost 2018 - > 2019, and financial target 2020**

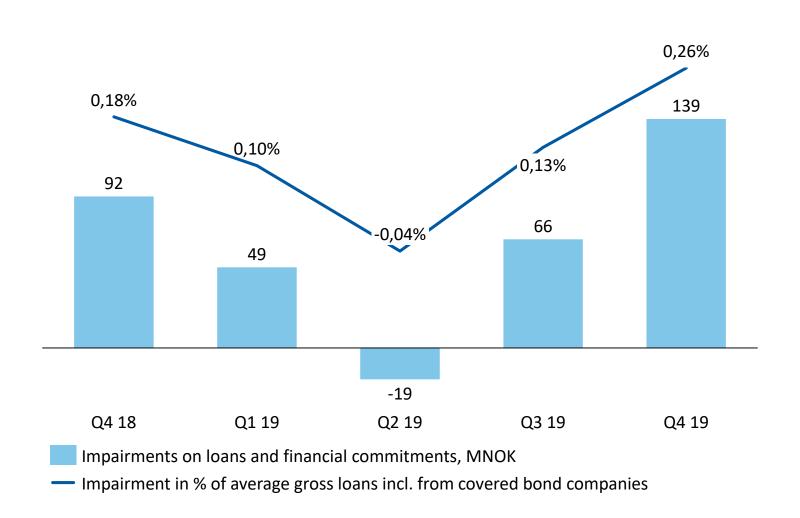


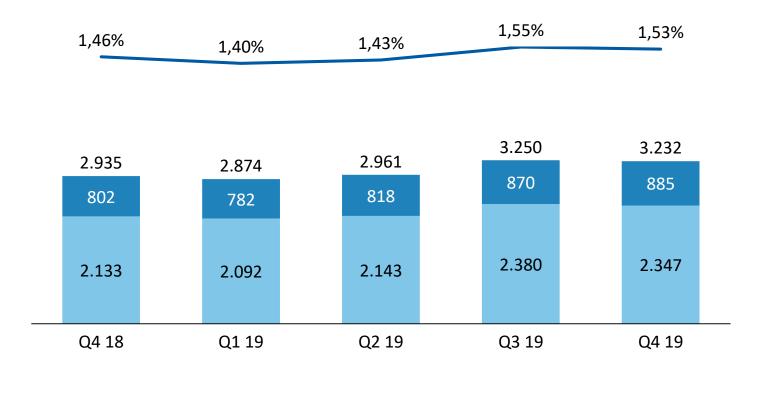


# Impairments on loans and financial commitments / Loans and financial commitments defined as Stage 3

Impairments on loans and financial commitments

Changes in gross loans and financial commitments defined as Stage 3





- Financial commitments in Stage 3, MNOK
- Loans in Stage 3, MNOK
- Stage 3 in % of gross loans incl. covered bond companies



# Impairments on loans and financial commitments

#### Impairments on loans and financial commitments in the income statement (MNOK)

	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	Q4 2019	Q3 2019	Q2 2019	Q1 2019	Q4 2018
Corporate customers	211	324	121	82	-33	41	96
Retail customers	24	0	18	-16	14	8	-4
Total impairments	235	324	139	66	-19	49	92

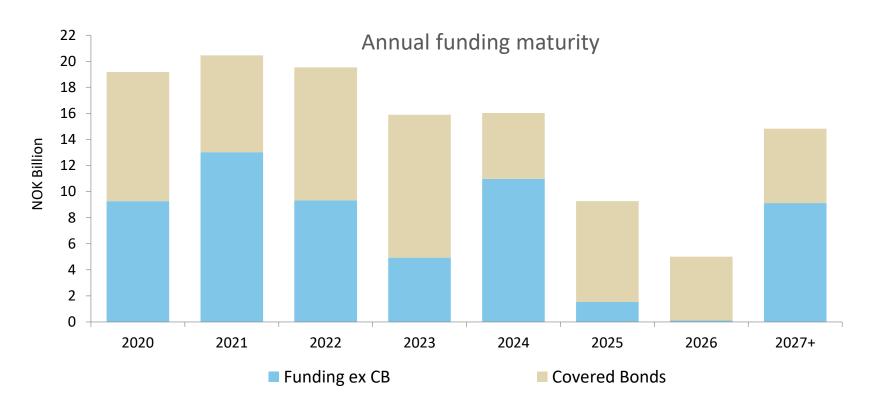
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	31.12.2019	31.12.2018	31.12.2019	30.09.2019	30.06.2019	31.03.2019	31.12.2018
Corporate customers	1.396	1.168	1.396	1.308	1.224	1.172	1.168
Retail customers	160	166	160	151	177	164	166
Total impairments on loans and financial commitments	1.556	1.334	1.556	1.459	1.401	1.336	1.334



# **Funding**

- NSFR\* 118%
- LCR\*\* 155%
- NOK 19.2 billion net refinancing need over the next 12 months
- Deposit to loans ratio 50.1%



# **SRBANK**

#### SPAREBANK 1 SR-BANK ASA

(incorporated with limited liability in Norway)

€10,000,000,000

**Euro Medium Term Note Programme** 

# **SR-Boligkreditt**

#### SR-BOLIGKREDITT AS

(incofporated with limited liability in Norway)

€10,000,000,000

Euro Medium Term Covered Note Programme

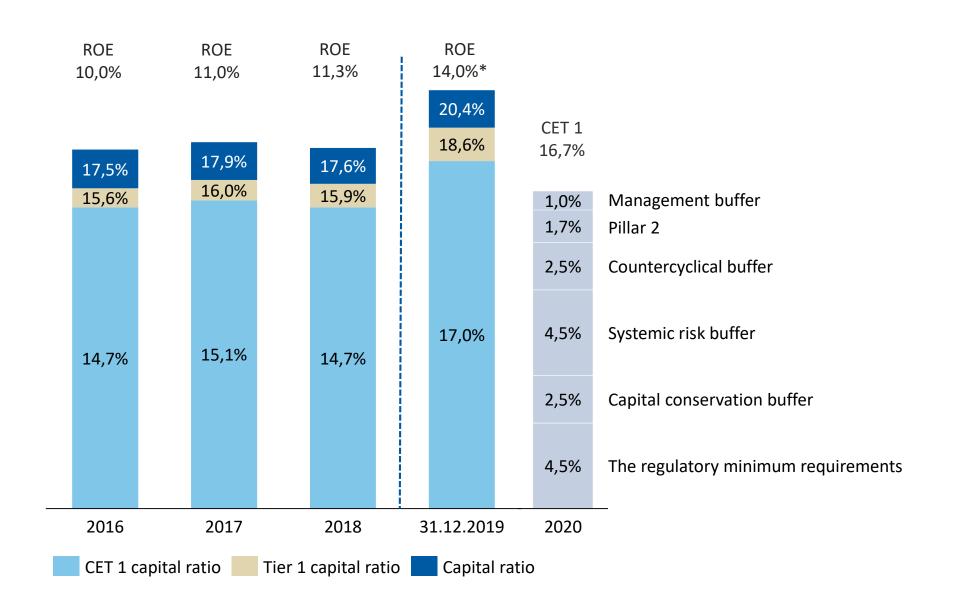


<sup>\*</sup>The net stable funding ratio (NSFR) is defined as available stable funding relative to necessary stable funding. NSFR is calculated in accordance with guidelines from the Financial Supervisory Authority of Norway.

<sup>\*\*</sup>High quality liquid assets divided by total net cash outflow in a 30-day, serious stress scenario.

# Solid capital ratio

- The EU's capital adequacy regulations (CRR/CRD IV) came into force on 31 December 2019. These entail, among other things, a reduction in the capital requirements for loans to small and medium-sized enterprises (SME) and the elimination of the so-called Basel I floor.
- All of the regulatory requirements are met as at 31
   December. The CET 1 requirement is 15.1% as at 31
   December 2019 incl. 0.9% management buffer.
- The countercyclical buffer increased from 2.0% to 2.5% in the fourth quarter of 2019.
- The systemic risk buffer will increase from 3.0% to 4.5% in the fourth quarter 2020
- SpareBank 1 SR-Bank is not defined as a systemically important financial institution (SIFI).
- The leverage ratio was 7.8% as at 31 December 2019, well above the minimum requirement at 5.0%.

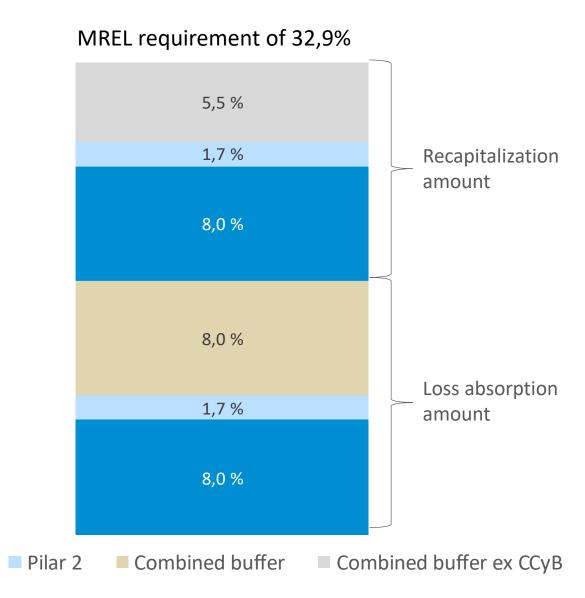




<sup>\*</sup>The return on equity excl. Fremtind Forsikring AS merger effect is 12.1%.

#### **MREL**

- SR-Bank must meet a minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities (MREL) of 32.9%.
- The requirement applies from 31 March 2020, although SR-Bank can include senior debt issued before January 2020 until the requirement regarding lower priority comes into effect at the end of 2022.
- The increase in the systemic risk buffer requirement from 3.0% to 4.5% at year end 2020 means that the MREL requirement will increase to 35.9%.
- Based on the 2019 figures, SR-Bank must issue NOK 20 billion in senior non-preferred debt.
- The introduction of BRRD2 may result in changes to the MREL requirement.



Pilar 1



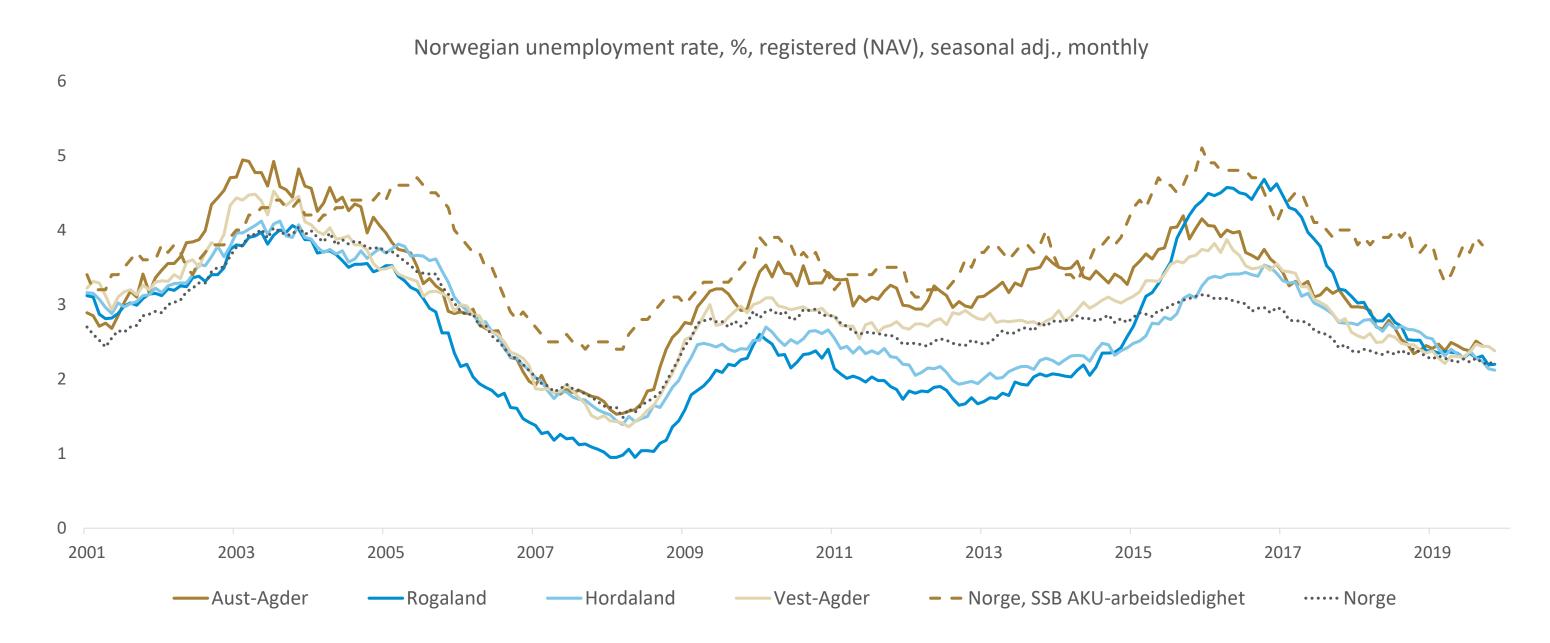
#### **Outlook**

- Expectations of growth in the Norwegian economy in 2020 will contribute to positive growth in the group's market areas
- Continued high consumption, increasing business investments and growth in exports will help the Norwegian economy grow. This could contribute to new jobs and lower unemployment
- Norges Bank raised its policy rate by 0.75%-points in 2019. The market expects the policy rate to remain unchanged for the next 2 years
- The group's long-term return on equity target of a minimum 12% will be achieved through profitable lending growth, moderate impairments on loans and financial liabilities, growth in other operating income and greater cost effectiveness
- The group is well-positioned to maintain a solid capital base, while strengthening the position to manage new capital requirements through a strong
  and robust business model and capital optimization of the balance sheet
- We are actively working to create good, sustainable growth, and a sustainability strategy has been developed. Based on this strategy, SR-Boligkreditt AS
  issued its first green bond in autumn 2019
- Meeting the future through the establishment of the business area for strategy, innovation and development. This gives us leeway to invest in new technology and increase our focus on new products that will improve customer experiences and service levels
- Geographic expansion, digitalization and growth will provide the basis for transforming from a regional savings bank to a bank for the whole of Southern Norway





# Lower unemployment (NAV) due to solid growth in the Norwegian economy

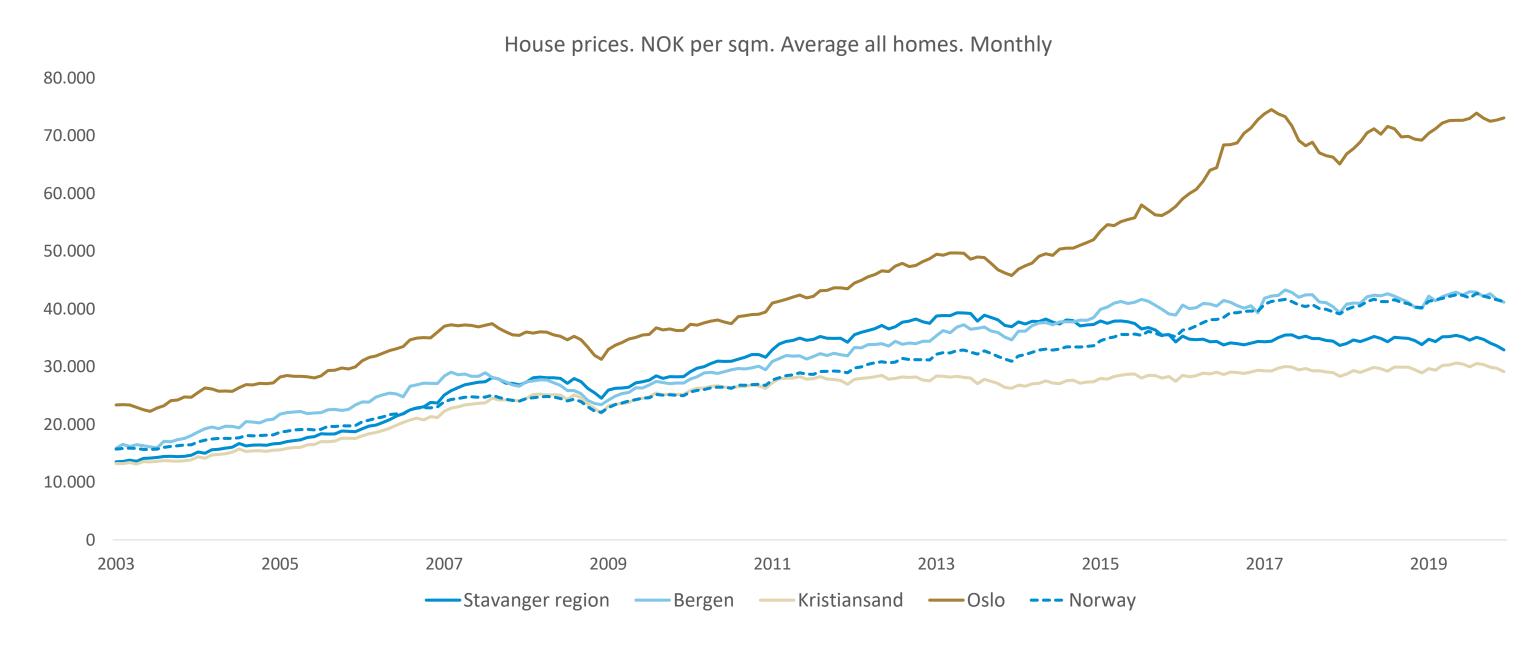






# Norwegian house prices have increased by 2,6% last 12 months

Prices continue to increase most in Oslo, Bergen close to national average, lower in Agder and Stavanger



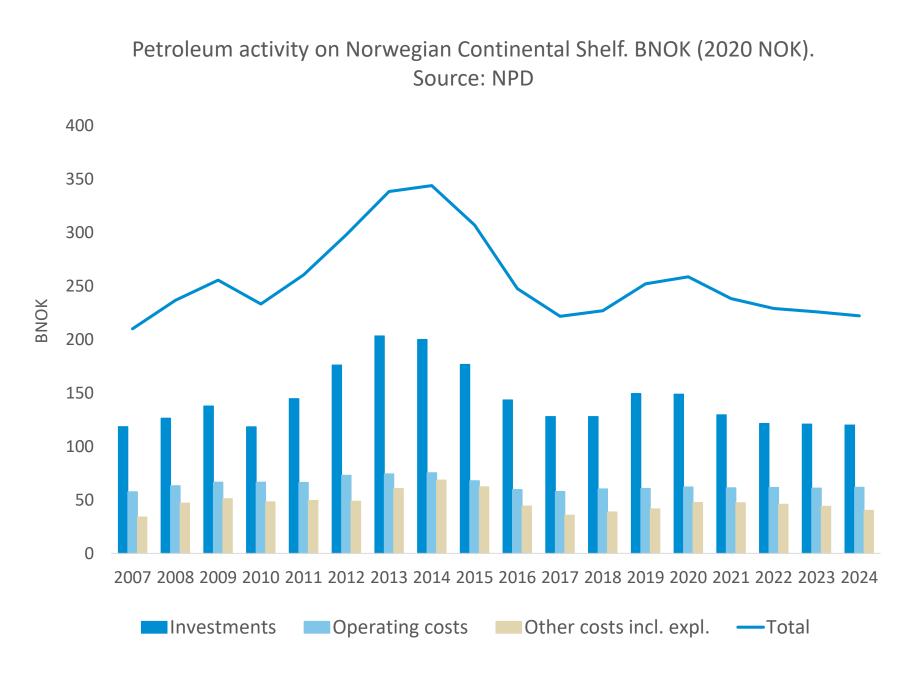
Source: Finn.no, Eiendom Norge og Eiendomsverdi.



# Increased petroleum activity on the NCS

Activity declined in 2015-2017, but has increased thereafter and expected to increase slighty in 2020

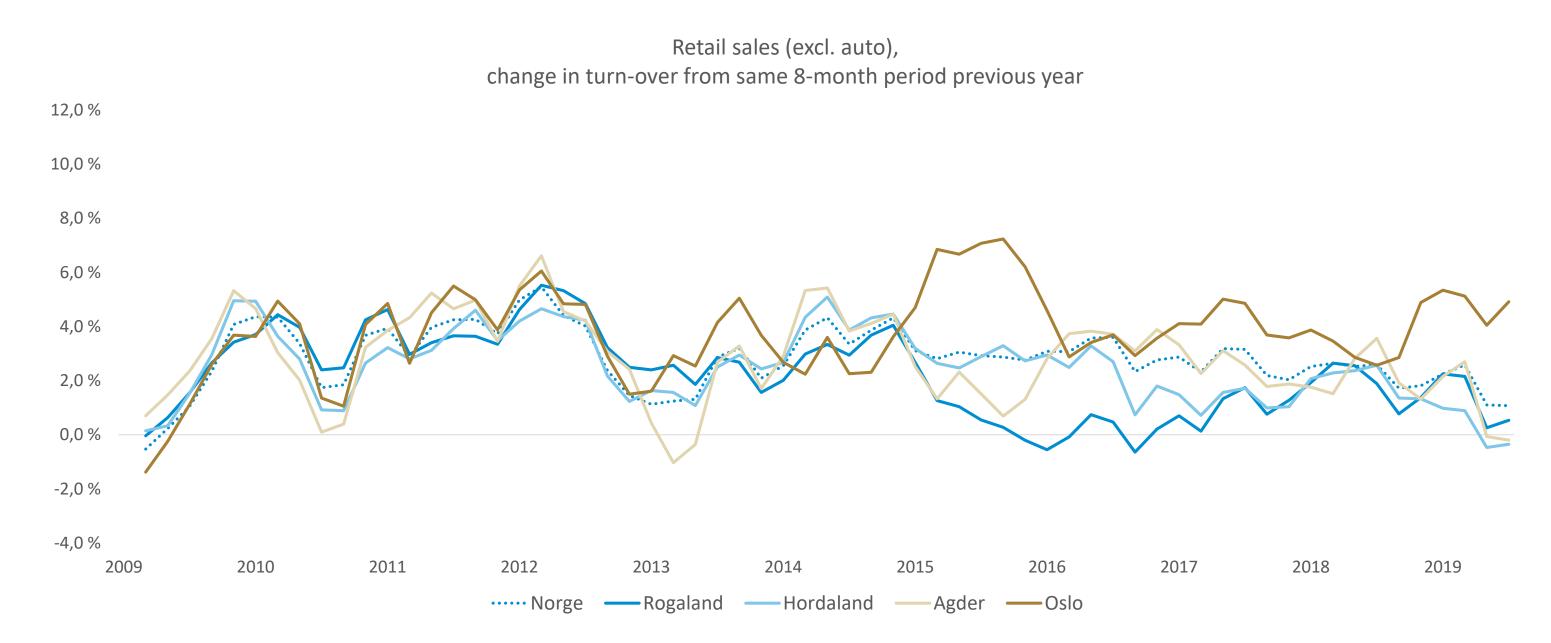
- Overall activity on the Norwegian Continental Shelf (NCS) had a marked increase for many years up to 2014. Activity increased over 60% from 2007 to 2014
- Activity fell markedly in 2015 and 2016 and somewhat less in 2017. Thereafter, there was some upturn in 2018 and even more strongly in 2019. The Norwegian Petroleum Directorate (NPD) adjusted the autumn 2019 estimates for 2019 and 2020. Some increase is expected in 2020.
- Investments fluctuate more than operating costs.
   Operating costs, which are important for activity in the south and west, are more stable.





# Retail trade in Norway increasing

Muted growth in Norway in 2019 - highest growth in Oslo



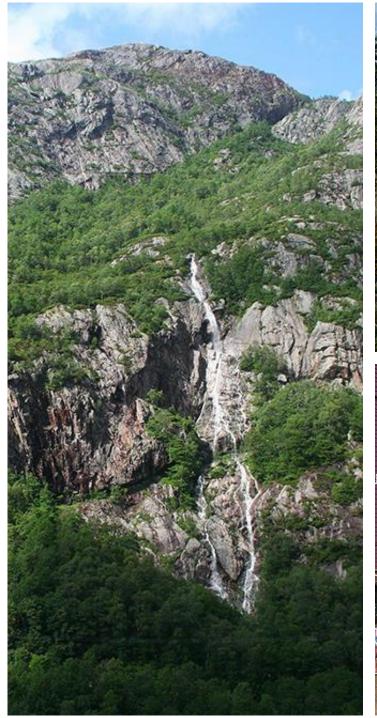








- The core purpose of the banking industry is to create value by assuming deliberate and acceptable risk
  - SpareBank 1 SR-Bank therefore invests significant resources in developing risk management systems, processes and expertise that are in line with leading international practice
- The bank's primary market areas are South of Norway
  - The bank's primary market areas for credit exposure are Rogaland, Agder, Vestland as well as Oslo and Viken
- The bank's set clear requirements for loan activities in the corporate market
  - The activities that are financed must have a long-term perspective
  - The group must be very familiar with the ownership and management of the company
  - All financing decisions are based on the customer's debt-servicing capacity and a lack of debt-servicing capacity may not be compensated for through higher security
  - Shipping and offshore related financing (including significant parts of oilrelated activities) are handled by centralized expertise









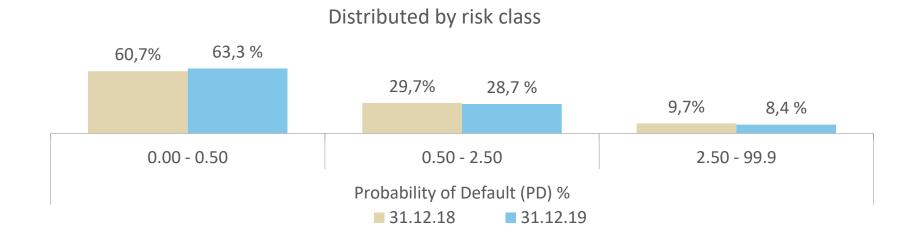
- The bank sets specific limits for the size of commitments as well as requirements concerning industry diversification
  - The maximum total exposure to an individual customer must be significantly lower than the regulatory requirements
  - The maximum unsecured exposure to an individual customer must not be so great that the potential loss cannot be absorbed without the group's financial position being significantly affected
  - This requires a diversified portfolio. The exposure to specific industries is subject to specific limits
- The bank sets special requirements for all property financing
  - Self-financing requirements apply for all types of property financing - in relation to both residential and commercial property
  - Advanced sales requirements also apply for financing housing development projects
  - In addition to this, requirements that limit loan size/rent income ratio apply for financing commercial property





# Risk profile of the loan portfolio

- SpareBank 1 SR-Bank has a solid loan portfolio.
   Portfolio quality improved last year.
- The loan portfolio consists mainly of small and medium-sized loans.



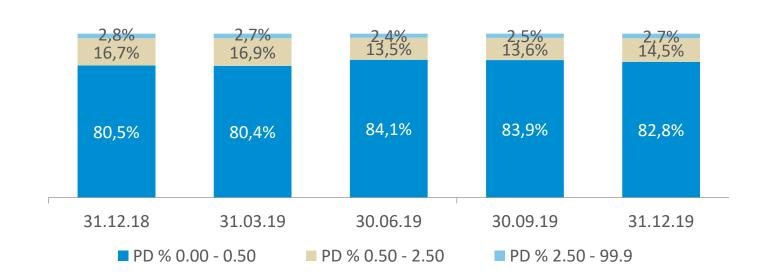
### Distributed by size of loan





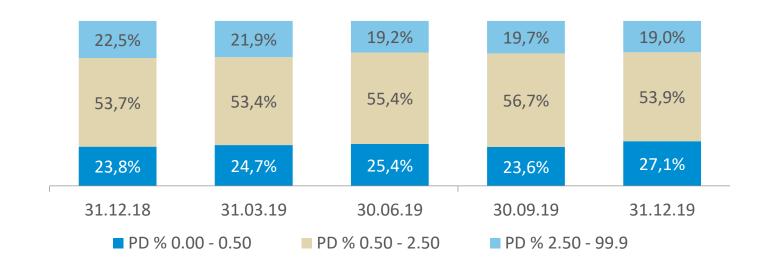
# Risk profile – Lending to the retail and corporate market

### Retail market portfolio distributed by risk class



- The quality of the retail market portfolio is considered to be good and has low potential losses.
- The low risk profile is achieved through prudent costumer selection and requirements for moderate LTV. Most of the portfolio is secured against a mortgage on real estate, and lending is overall moderate compared to asset value.

## Corporate lending portfolio distributed by risk class



- The quality of the corporate market portfolio is good. Portfolio quality improved last year.
- There is a clearly defined framework that sets limit on what is funded and conditions for particular funding purposes. This ensures a robust portfolio.

SpareBank of SR-BANK

<sup>\*</sup>Probability of default (PD) through a full cycle of loss.

The figures include the loan portfolio in the covered bond companies (SB1 Boligkreditt AS and SR-Boligkreditt AS).



# SpareBank 1 SR-Bank ASA

### **Business divisions**

### **Capital Market**

Number of man-years: 27

#### **Retail Market**

Number of man-years: 500

#### **Corporate Market**

Number of man-years: 160

## Administration & Support

Number of man-years: 297

## Fully owned companies

#### EiendomsMegler 1

Leading real estate broker Number of man-years: 193

#### **SR-Forvaltning**

Asset management

Number of man-years: 12

# SpareBank 1 Regnskapshuset SR

Accounting and advisory

Number of man-years: 136

### **SR-Boligkreditt**

Covered Bond Funding
Number of man-years: 1

#### FinStart Nordic\*

A start-up factory for new ideas

Number of man-years: 13

### Monner

Digital loan-platform for small businesses

Number of man-years: 12

## Partly owned companies

### BN Bank\*\*

(35.0%)

Commercial bank located in Oslo and Trondheim

### SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt

(2.2%)

Covered bond company (mortgages)

## SpareBank 1 Kredittkort

(17.8%)

Credit card company located in Trondheim

### SpareBank 1 Gruppen

(19.5%)

Holding company for the SpareBank 1 - Alliance

## SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt

(15.6%)

Covered bond company (commercial real estate)

## SpareBank 1 Betaling\*\*\*

(19.8%)

The company behind mobile payment solution



<sup>\*</sup> Number of man-years in FinStart Nordic includes man-years in subsidiaries Beaufort Solutions AS.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The stake increased to 35% in the second quarter of 2019 in connection with an agreement on changing the ownership model in BN Bank ASA.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Owns 22% in VBB AS.

# **SpareBank 1 Alliance**

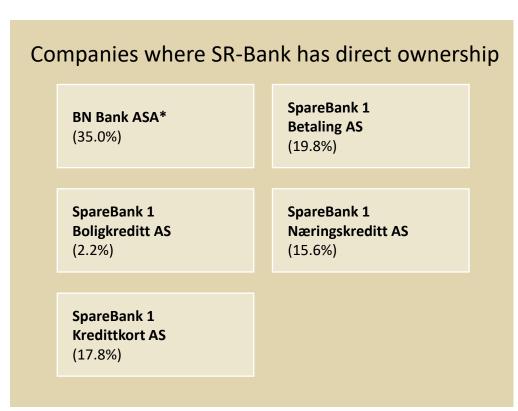
SpareBank 1 SR-Bank 19,5%

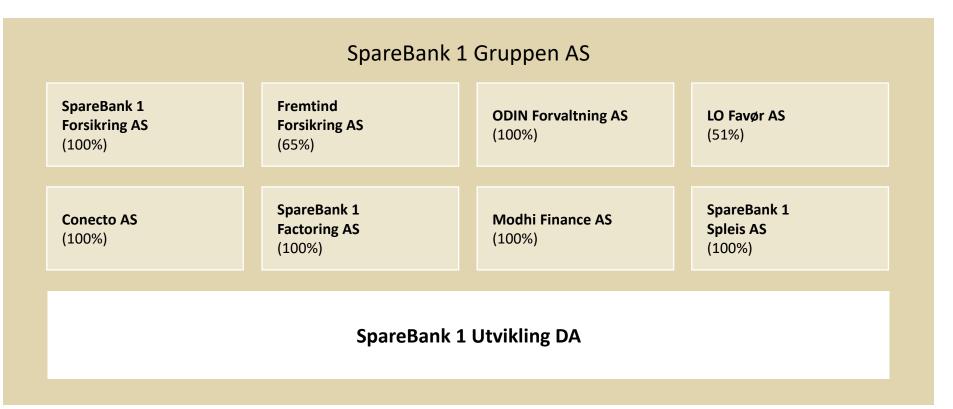
SpareBank 1 SMN 19,5% SpareBank 1 Nord Norge 19,5% Samarbeidende Sparebanker AS 19,5% SpareBank 1 Østlandet 12,4% LO/fagforbund tilknyttet LO 9,6%

Products, commissions, dividends



Sales, loan portfolios, capital





#### Owners of the alliance

All credit decisions are made at the local banks Economies of scale related to expenses, IT solutions, marketing and branding



<sup>\*</sup>The stake increased to 35% in the second quarter of 2019 in connection with an agreement on changing the ownership model in BN Bank ASA.

# Our purpose: Strength to growth and development

### Objectives

- The purpose for SpareBank 1 SR-Bank is to add strength to growth and development. Our growth will give us the ability to provide profitability and value to the owners, customers and the community.
- To provide a sustainable contribution to the wealth creation process through:
  - A sustainable and profitable business model
  - An owner-friendly, stable dividend policy

### Strategic goals

- To be the bank that focus on the future and good relations where we have our customers in the center, knows what's important for them through a combination of close, personal relationships – and high utilization of technology and costumer data. We want to be reliable, easily available and a long-term partner to our customers.
- We want to focus on good solutions for our customers by understanding them and their challenges, which will help us reach our vison to be the customers fist choice.

## Financial goals

- Return on equity of 12.0% after tax in 2020. The longer term (2021) target is a minimum of 12%.
- Top 50% return on equity and cost/income in a Nordic benchmark

## Strategic focus

- Digital development and transformation of existing business models
- Innovation by use of partnership, technology and data
- Cost-effective and selective growth, increased product- and diversification portfolio.
- High portfolio quality



# **Balance sheet**

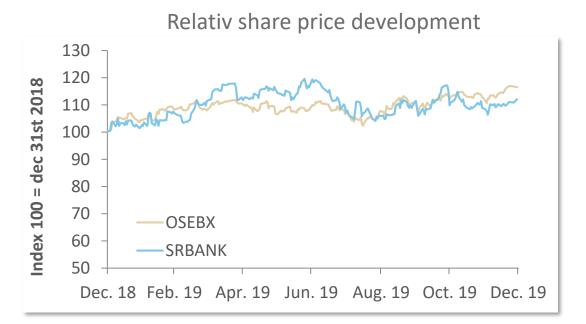
Balance sheet (MNOK)	31.12.2019	31.12.2018
Cash and balances with central banks	104	717
Balances with credit institutions	3.142	1.696
Net loans to customers	205.688	190.878
Certificates, bonds and other fixed-income securities	32.792	29.340
Financial derivatives	5.933	5.268
Shares, ownership stakes and other securities	920	868
Investment in subsidiaries	0	0
Investment in associates	4.180	3.713
Other	3.136	1.581
Total assets	255.895	234.061
Balances with credit institutions	2.264	1.433
Deposit from customers	103.106	98.814
Listed debt securities	116.164	103.485
Financial derivatives	4.530	3.889
Other liabilities	2.872	1.904
Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital instruments	2.125	2.951
Total liabilities	231.061	212.476
Total equity	24.834	21.585
Total liabilites and equity	255.895	234.061

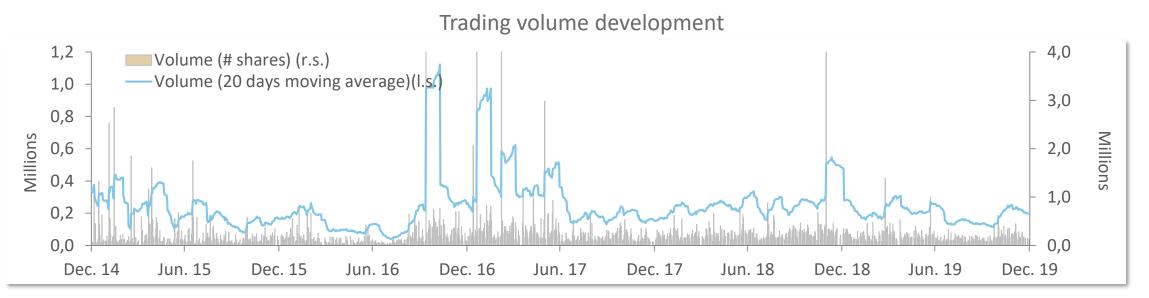


# **SRBANK** share

- International ownership is 27.9% per 4. quarter 2019.
- Total market value at 4. quarter 2019 is NOK 25.6 billion.









# 20 largest shareholders as at 31 December 2019

- Ownership interests as at 31 December 2019:
  - From Rogaland, Agder and Vestland: 42.9% (43.5%)
  - International: 27.9% (26.6%)
  - 10 largest: 51.4% (50.3%)
  - 20 largest: 58.4% (58.1%)
- Number of shareholders 31.12.2019: 11.321 (10.804)
- Employees owning 1.5% (1.5%)

Investor		Number	Stake
Sparebankstiftelsen SR-Bank		72.419.305	28,3%
Folketrygdfondet		19.650.845	7,7%
State Street Bank and Trust Co, U.S.A.	Nominee	14.306.844	5,6%
SpareBank 1-stiftinga Kvinnherad		6.226.583	2,4%
Vpf Nordea Norge Verdi		3.873.936	1,5%
Danske Invest Norske Instit. II		3.843.345	1,5%
Odin Norge		3.241.248	1,3%
JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A., U.S.A.	Nominee	2.898.345	1,1%
Morgan Stanley & Co Int, U.K.		2.699.201	1,1%
Pareto Aksje Norge		2.406.025	0,9%
Clipper AS		2.211.000	0,9%
Verdipapirfondet Alfred Berg Gambak		1.991.707	0,8%
KLP Aksjenorge Indeks		1.874.547	0,7%
Arctic Funds plc, Irland		1.794.087	0,7%
Verdipapirfondet DNB Norge		1.750.049	0,7%
Verdipapirfondet Alfred Berg Norge		1.741.511	0,7%
State Street Bank and Trust Co, U.S.A.	Nominee	1.703.706	0,7%
Forsvarets Personellservice		1.599.656	0,6%
Danske Invest Norske Aksjer Inst.		1.596.703	0,6%
J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A.	Nominee	1.587.834	0,6%
Top 5		116.477.513	45,5%
Top 10		131.565.677	51,4%
Top 20		149.416.477	58,4%

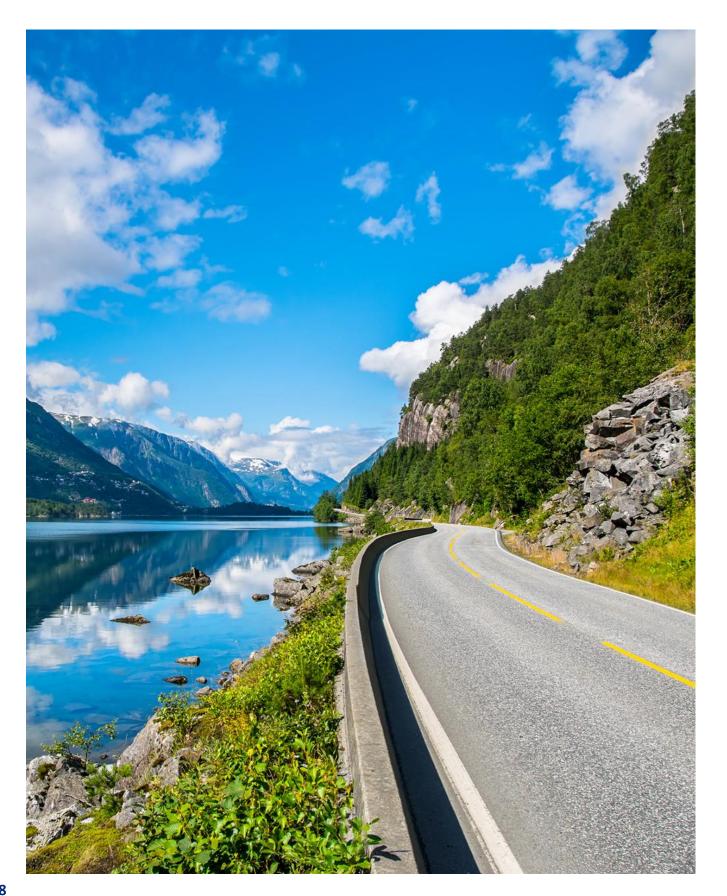




# **SR-Bank as of 31.12.2019**

Sparebank 1 SR-Bank share								
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Share price	100,00	89,20	87,00	60,75	39,30	52,50	60,25	<ul> <li>Number of shares issued</li> <li>255.8 million</li> </ul>
Stock value (MNOK)	25.575	22.813	22.250	15.537	10.051	13.427	15.409	
Book value per share, NOK (group)	89,90	82,27	77,24	71,54	66,14	60,28	55,00	<ul> <li>Trading volume in Q4 2019:</li> <li>4.7% (8.4%)</li> </ul>
Earnings per share	12,22	8,98	8,16	6,87	6,83	8,20	7,28	
Dividend per share	5,50	4,50	4,25	2,25	1,50	2,00	1,60	<ul> <li>On 1 June 2017, the SR-Bank share was included in the</li> </ul>
P/E	8,18	9,93	10,66	8,84	5,75	6,40	8,28	Oslo Stock Exchange's main index
P/BV (group)	1,11	1,08	1,13	0,85	0,59	0,87	1,10	-





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