Investor Update - 2013

STRIL COMMANDER

February 2014



Disclaimer

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events and potential financial performance. Although SpareBank 1 SR-Bank believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Accordingly, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors.

Important factors that may cause such a difference for SpareBank 1 SR-Bank include, but are not limited to: (i) the macroeconomic development, (ii) change in the competitive climate, (iii) change in the regulatory environment and other government actions and (iv) change in interest rate and foreign exchange rate levels.

This presentation does not imply that SpareBank 1 SR-Bank has undertaken to revise these forward-looking statements, beyond what is required by applicable law or applicable stock exchange regulations if and when circumstances arise that will lead to changes compared to the date when these statements were provided.



Introduction to SpareBank 1 SR-Bank ASA

Financials

Solvency and liquidity position

Appendix



A unique situation with a continuing budget surplus...

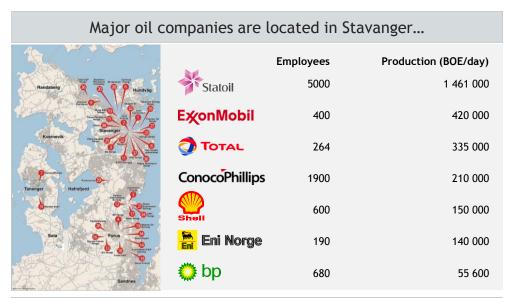
Economic Indicators (%)	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013E	2014P
GDP growth - mainland	-1.6	1.7	2.5	3.4	1.8	2.1
Household consumption growth	0.0	3.8	2.5	3.0	2.3	2.3
Investment growth - mainland	-13.2	-4.5	6.3	4.5	2.7	1.7
Investment growth oil & gas	3.4	-9.5	11.3	14.6	15.8	4.8
Inflation rate, CPI	2.1	2.5	1.2	0.8	2.1	2.0
Interest rate (3 month NIBOR)	2.5	2.5	2.9	2.2	1.8	2.5
Household savings ratio	7.1	5.8	7.8	8.6	8.7	9.2
Unemployment rate	3.2	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.5	3.6
HH sector disp. real inc. growth	4.1	2.7	4.6	3.2	3.5	3.6
Current Account Surplus / GDP	11.7	11.9	13.5	14.3	11.7	10.6
Gov Budget Surplus / GDP	11	10	14	14	12	10
Sovereign Wealth Fund / GDP	111	121	122	131	169	156



Sources: Statistics Norway, NBIM, Norwegian Ministry of Finance as of Dec 4th, 2013 * Business, residential housing and public sector investments

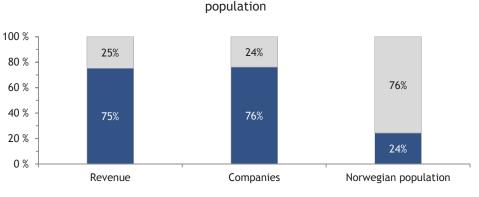
Stavanger is the oil capital of Norway and a major player in Europe

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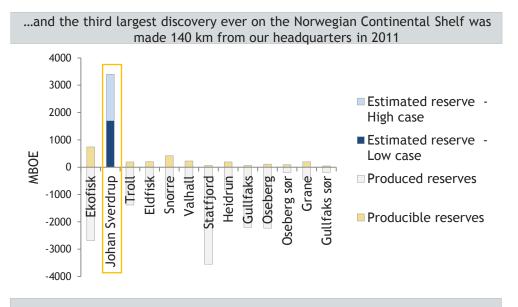
Oil field service companies in SRBANK's market area account for a significant amount of the revenues in the Norwegian oil field service industry...

Revenues and companies in SRBANK's market area compared to

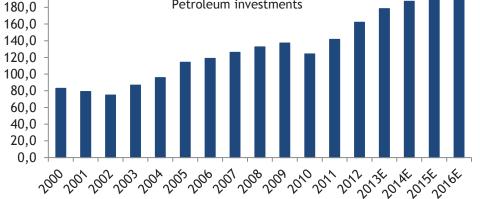


■ Market area of SR-Bank □ Other

Source: Ernst & Young The Norwegian Oilfield Service Analysis 2011, Oljedirektoratet, Stavanger Aftenblad, SR-Bank Markets, Norges Bank





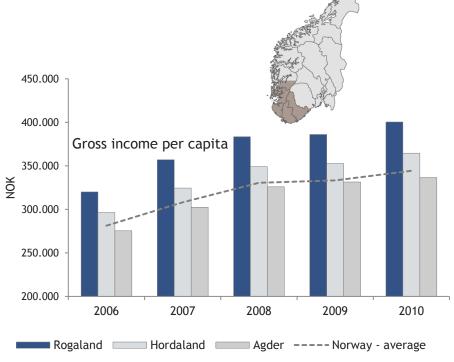




One of Norway's most prosperous regions

Strong growth prospects in the region

- Norway's most rapidly growing population currently 24 % of the country's total population
- The region accounts for circa 25 % of Norwegian GDP
- Norway's largest export region
- Unemployment rate under 3 %



Planned infrastructure project total 100-150BNOK

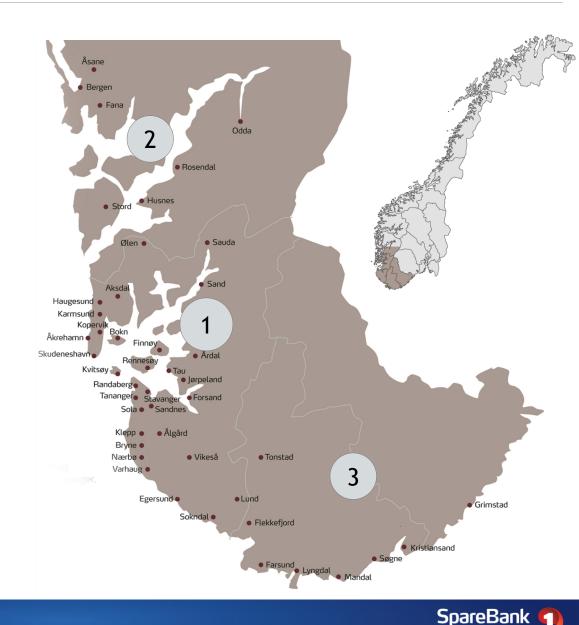
- New infrastructure projects creating business opportunities in Rogaland, Hordaland and Agder
- Among others are the E39 Rogfast tunnel project, a fast connection replacing a ferry crossing between Stavanger and Haugesund, and the decision to invest in public transport in the Stavanger area over the next years
- Planned investments will imply:
 - Better infrastructure in the cities Stavanger and Bergen
 - Better connections between cities and sparsely populated areas
 - Better connections between regions in Rogaland, Hordaland and Agder
- Large investments in infrastructure will further develop the region





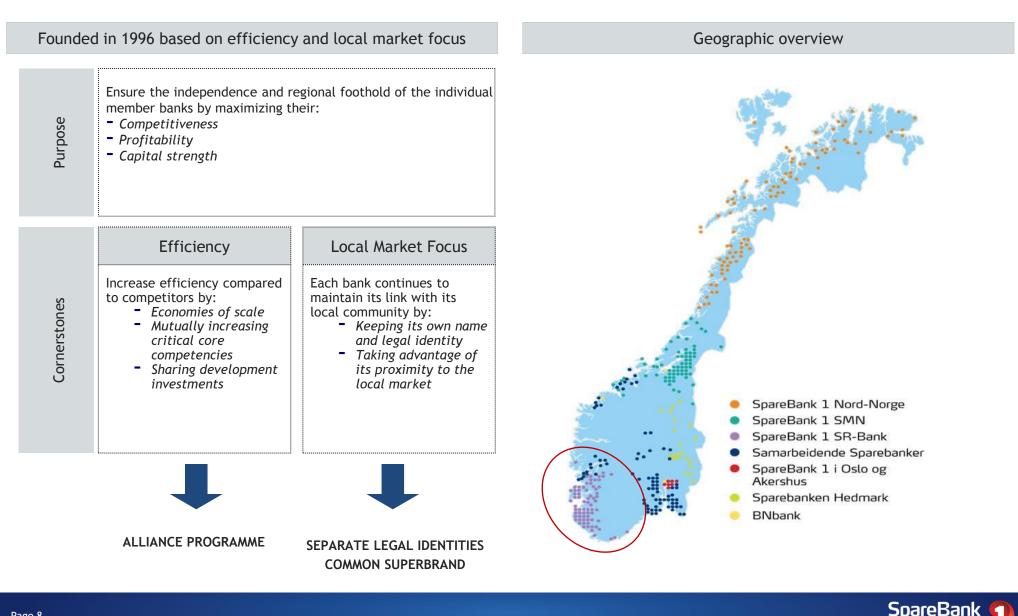
52 local bank offices in one of Norway's most prosperous regions

1	Rogaland	V
Population Market share Year of establishment	Retail market Corporate market	
Market strategy Important business segm Unemployment rate	ents	Market leader Oil & Gas, Oil service, Supply 2.0 %
2	Hordaland	×**
Population Market share Year of establishment Market strategy Important business segm Unemployment rate	Retail market Corporate market ents	498,000 4 % 8 % 2006 Entry/growth Shipping, Oil & Gas, Tourism 2.4 %
(3)	Agder	
Population Market share Year of establishment	Retail market Corporate market	289,000 7 % 4 % 2002
Market strategy Important business segm Unemployment rate	ents	Growth Commodities, Oil Service, Industry 3.05 %

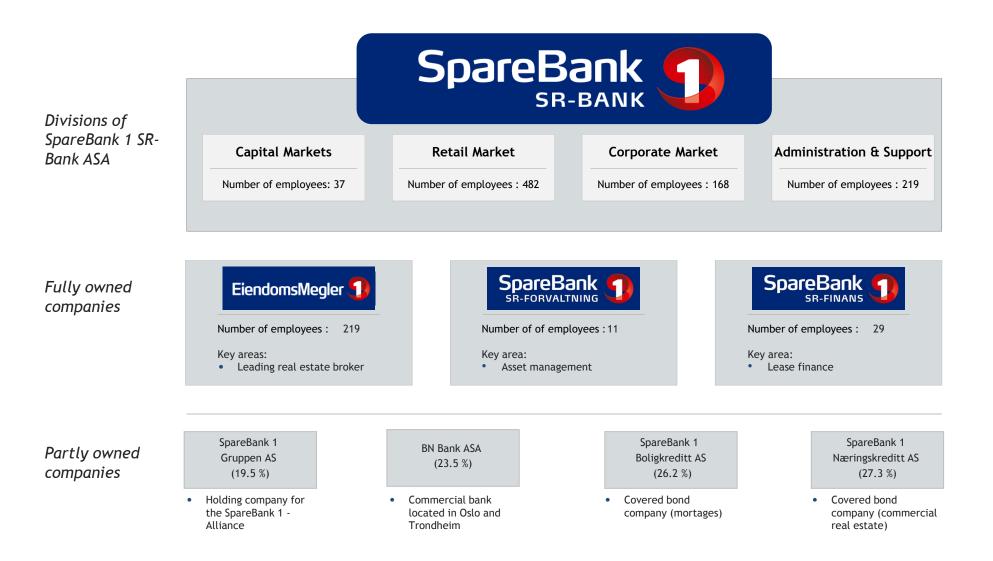


SR-BANK

The SpareBank 1 Alliance - 2nd largest mortgage lender in Norway



SRBANK's activities



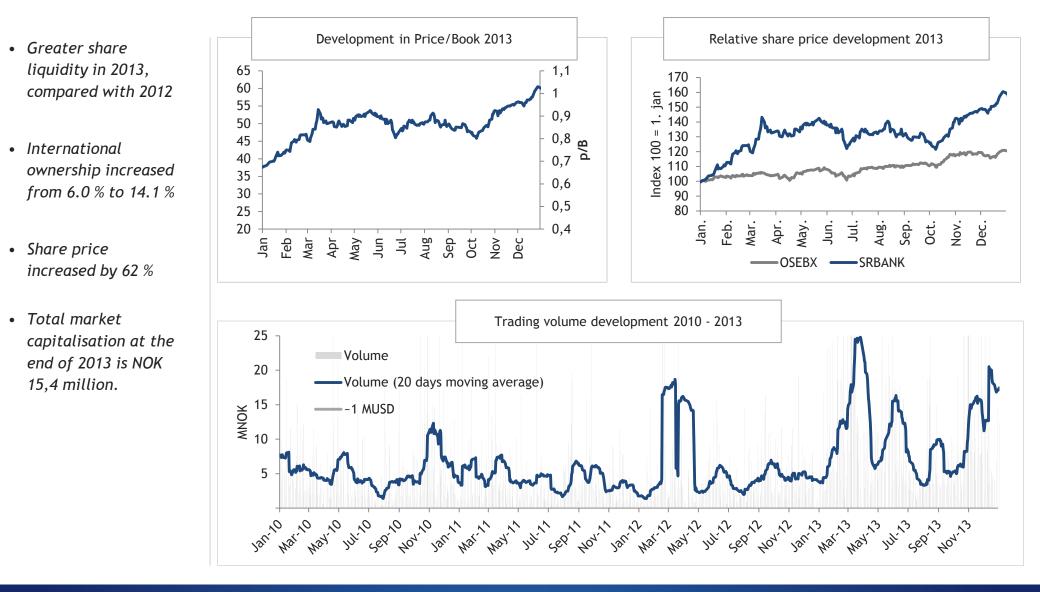


From equity certificates to shares from 2012 SR-Bank is in the «Top-20» based on market cap of domestic listed companies





2013 brought widening investor interest and positive share price development





20 largest shareholders as at December 2013

 International ownership increased from 6.0 % to 14.1 %

Investor	Number	Stake
Sparebankstiftelsen SR-Bank	76.835.551	30,0 %
Gjensidige Forsikring ASA	26.483.470	10,4 %
Folketrygdfondet	7.934.328	3,1 %
SpareBank 1-stiftinga Kvinnherad	6.226.583	2,4 %
Odin Norge	5.896.605	2,3 %
Frank Mohn AS	5.680.920	2,2 %
Morgan Stanley & Co, U.S.A.	4.359.373	1,7 %
Odin Norden	4.085.363	1,6 %
Skagen Global	3.943.743	1,5 %
State Street Bank and Trust, U.S.A.	3.683.118	1,4 %
State Street Bank and Trust, U.S.A.	2.542.777	1,0 %
J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, U.K.	2.364.569	0,9 %
Clipper AS	2.178.837	0,9 %
J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, U.K.	2.083.137	0,8 %
J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, Sverige	2.014.054	0,8 %
Westco AS	1.321.817	0,5 %
Skagen Global II	1.264.174	0,5 %
FLPS, U.S.A.	1.250.000	0,5 %
Goldman Sachs & Co, U.S.A.	1.249.123	0,5 %
Vpf Nordea Kapital	1.161.371	0,5 %
Тор 5	123.376.537	48,2 %
Тор 10	145.129.054	56,7 %
Тор 20	162.558.913	63,6 %



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Financials

Solvency and liquidity position

Appendix



Strong results allow for further lending

- Pre-tax profit for the quarter of NOK 674 million (NOK 458 million)
 - Return on equity after tax: 16.2 % (11.2 %)
- Pre-tax profit for 2013 of NOK 2,347 million (NOK 1,761 million)
 - Return on equity after tax: 14.0 % (12.4 %)
- The net interest margin increased from 1.27 % to 1.42 % in 2013
- Lending growth of 5.3 % in 2013 risk-weighted assets increased 1.7 %
- Stronger underlying operations and greater efficiency
 - Net interest income, commissions and profit contributions from the mortgage companies increased by 28 % in 2013
 - Underlying growth in costs 2.5 % corrected for non-recurring effects
- Low impairment losses on loans
 - 0.11 % of gross lending recognised on the balance sheet as of 31 December 2013
- The Board proposes a dividend of NOK 1.60 per share retaining 78 % of profit
- Core equity tier 1 capital ratio increased from 10.0 % to 11.1 % in 2013
 - In line with the new requirements solvency will be strengthened further

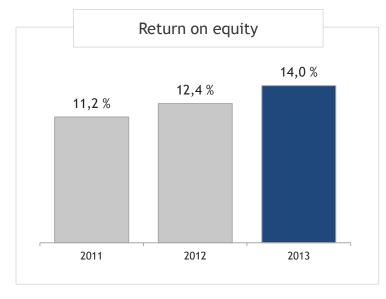


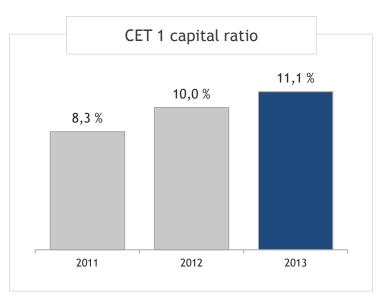
Key figures - quarterly development

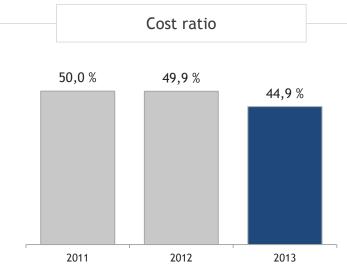


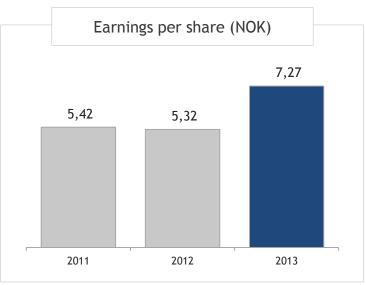
SpareBank

Key figures - annual development











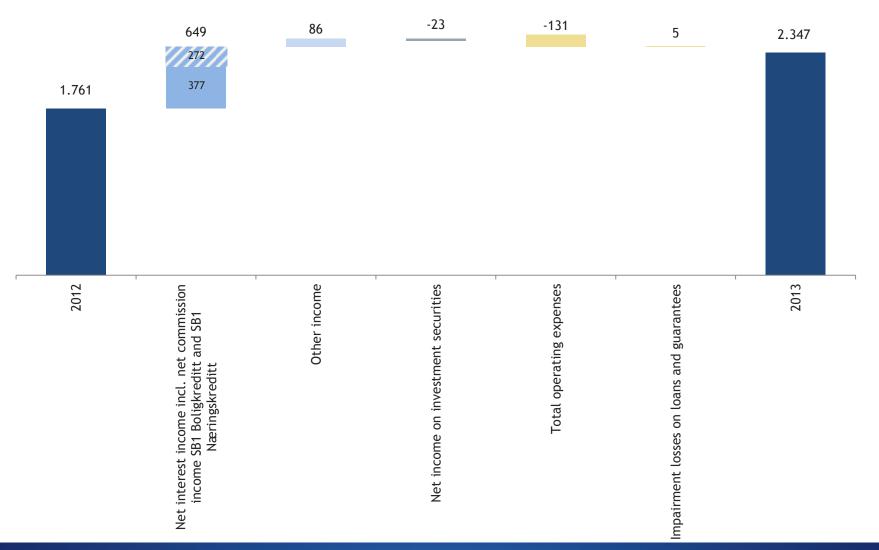
Key figures

	31.12	31.12					
	13	12	Q4 13	Q3 13	Q2 13	Q1 13	Q4 12
Return on equity after tax (%)	14,0	12,4	16,2	15,6	11,8	12,3	11,2
Net interest margin (%)	1,42	1,27	1,46	1,49	1,43	1,27	1,36
Impairment losses on loans and guarantees in % of gross loans	0,11	0,13	0,17	0,11	0,09	0,09	0,10
-incl. SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt	0,08	0,09	0,12	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,07
Non-performing and other problem commitments in % of gross loans	1,26	1,14	1,26	1,24	1,14	1,25	1,14
-incl. SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt	0,91	0,79	0,91	0,88	0,81	0,87	0,79
Cost ratio	44,9	49,9	42,4	40,8	49,1	48,2	51,0
Annual growth in loans to customers, gross incl. SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt	5,3	7,8	5,3	5,5	6,1	7,4	7,8
Annual growth in deposits from customers (%)	6,0	5,5	6,0	2,2	2,8	2,2	5,5
Total assets (BNOK)	157,0	141,5	157,0	153,6	151,1	146,1	141,5
Portfolio of loans in SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt (BNOK)	46,4	48,7	46,4	47,8	47,5	48,1	48,7
Risk weighted assets (BNOK)	113,1	111,2	113,1	115,0	114,2	112,0	111,2
Earnings per share (NOK)	7,27	5,32	2,22	2,02	1,50	1,54	1,35
Book value per share (NOK)	55,00	49,48	55,00	52,87	50,89	50,92	49,48
Number of shares issued (million)	255,8	255,8	255,8	255,8	255,8	255,8	255,8

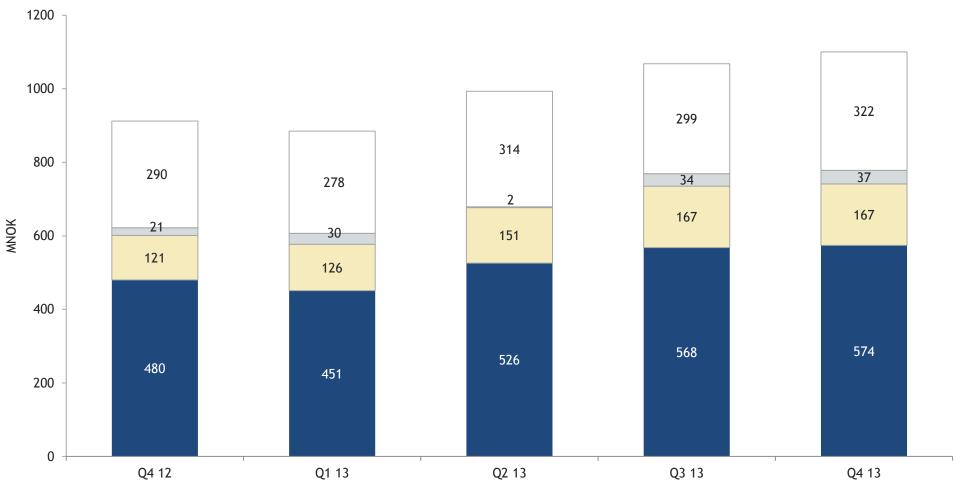


	31.12	31.12					
Group Income Statement (MNOK)	13	12	Q4 13	Q3 13	Q2 13	Q1 13	Q4 12
Net interest income	2.119	1.742	574	568	526	451	480
Net commission and other income	1.824	1.466	489	466	465	404	411
Net income on investment securities	555	578	195	137	62	161	97
Total income	4.498	3.786	1.258	1.171	1.053	1.016	988
Total operating expenses	2.019	1.888	534	478	517	490	504
Operating profit before losses	2.479	1.898	724	693	536	526	484
Impairment losses on loans and guarantees	132	137	50	32	25	25	26
Operating profit before tax	2.347	1.761	674	661	511	501	458
Tax expense	487	400	107	145	128	107	114
Net profit	1.860	1.361	567	516	383	394	344





Consolidated income profile



Net interest income

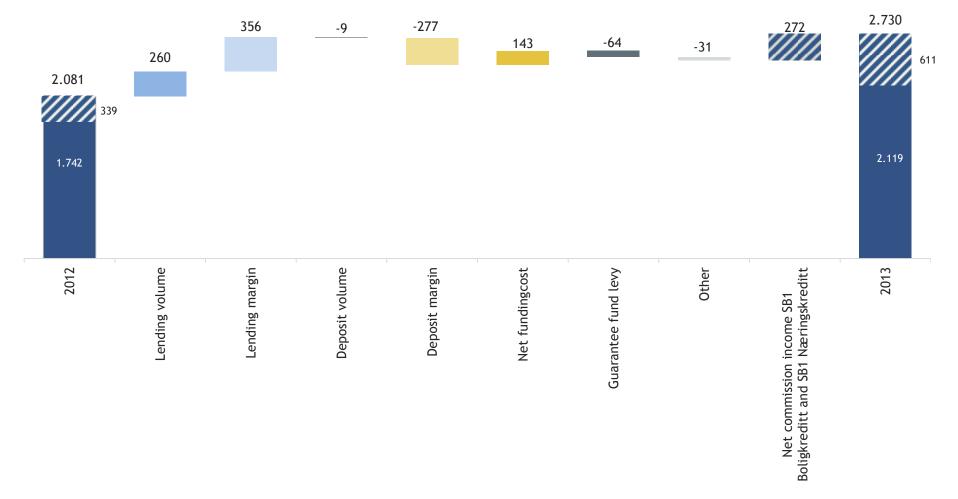
Commission income SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt

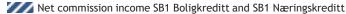
■ Profit before tax SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt

□ Net commission and other income



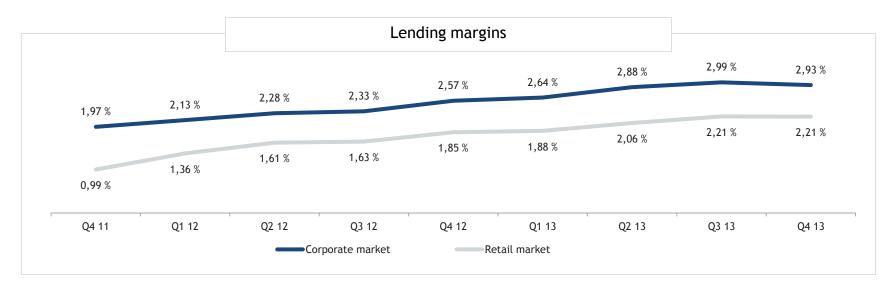
Change in net interest income and net commission income BK and NK 2012 - 2013

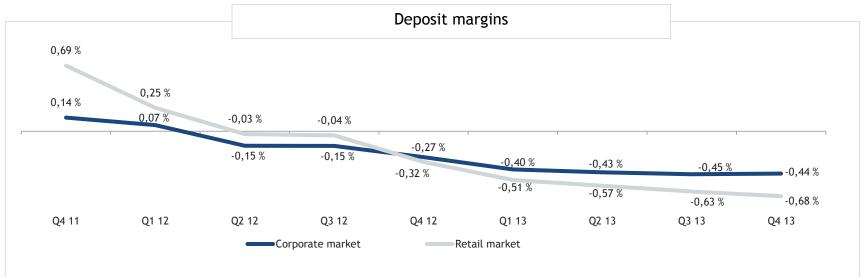




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Lending and deposit margins





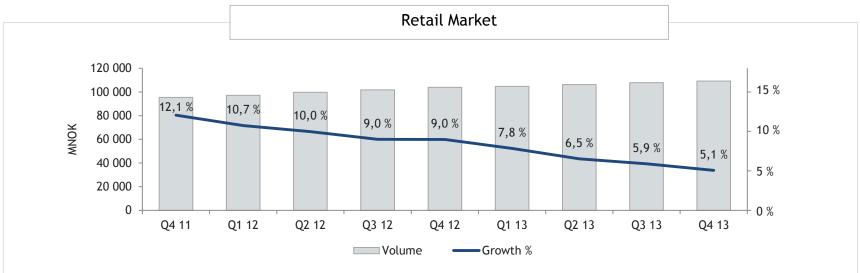
Definition: Average customer interest rate against 3-month moving average for 3-month NIBOR. Lending margins include loan portfolio in SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt

SpareBank

SR-BANK

Lending volum and 12 months growth



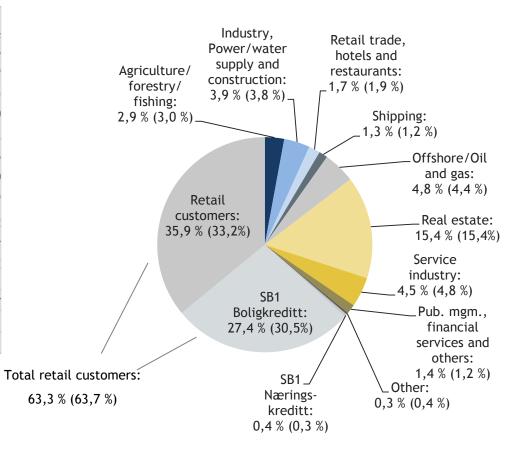


* Incl. loan portfolio in SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt



Loan portfolio as at 31.12.2013

	Q4 2013	Q4 2012
Agriculture / forestry / fishing	4.867	4.738
Industry, Power/water supply and construction	6.503	5.939
Retail trade, hotels and restaurants	2.877	2.975
Shipping	2.085	1.830
Offshore/Oil and gas	8.041	6.972
Real estate	25.740	24.306
Service industry	7.545	7.650
Pub. mgm., financial services and others	2.277	1.949
Other	490	585
Total corporate customers	60.425	56.944
Total retail customers	59.848	52.569
Total loans on own balance sheet	120.273	109.513
Portfolio in SB1 Boligkreditt	45.747	48.217
Portfolio in SB1 Næringskreditt	642	471
Gross loans	166.662	158.201



Lending before individual write-downs, nominal amounts, and excluding unallocated accrued interest.

Sector allocation in accordance with the standard categories from Statistics Norway.

All figures in %. Figures as at 31.12.2012 in brackets.



Deposits volume and 12 month growth

- The deposits volume in the corporate market includes here institutional deposits from money market funds, etc. The willingness to pay is deliberately reduced in this segment. The 12-month growth in the corporate market excluding these is 6.3 %.
- The growth in deposit volumes has been affected by the transfer of customers between the retail and corporate markets. In the fourth quarter 2012, around NOK 1.2 billion was transferred from the retail market to the corporate market.

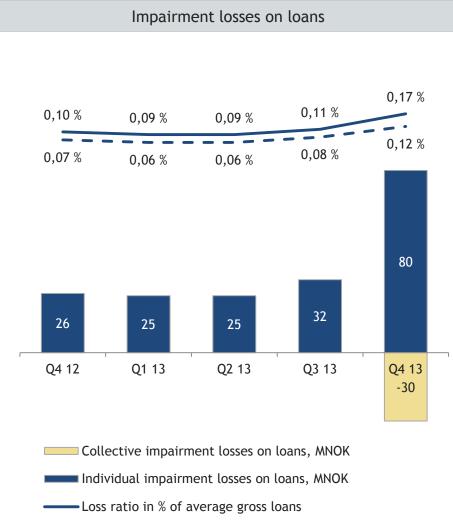




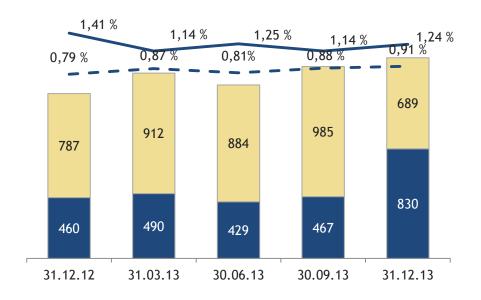
	31.12	31.12					
МЛОК	13	12	Q4 13	Q3 13	Q2 13	Q1 13	Q4 12
Personnel expenses	1.159	1.125	297	283	294	285	295
Restructuring costs	37	2	26	1	3	7	2
Non-recurring effect, pension-related items	0	-45	0	0	0	0	-5
Total personnel expenses	1.196	1.082	323	284	297	292	292
IT expenses	250	228	65	63	63	59	59
Marketing	86	81	21	17	29	19	23
Other administrative expenses	96	108	23	24	26	23	25
Total administrative expenses	432	417	109	104	118	101	107
Depreciation	74	87	21	17	18	18	30
Operating expenses from real estate	40	44	5	10	13	12	10
Other operating expenses	277	258	76	63	71	67	65
Total other operating expenses	391	389	102	90	102	97	105
Total operating expenses	2.019	1.888	534	478	517	490	504



Impairment losses on loans/Non-performing and doubtful commitments



 Loss ratio in % of average gross loans incl. SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt Non-performing and doubtful commitments



Doubtful commitments, MNOK

- Non-performing loans, MNOK
- ---- Non-performing and doubtful commitments in % of gross loans
- Non-performing and doubtful commitments in % of gross loans incl. SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt



Introduction to SpareBank 1 SR-Bank ASA

Financials

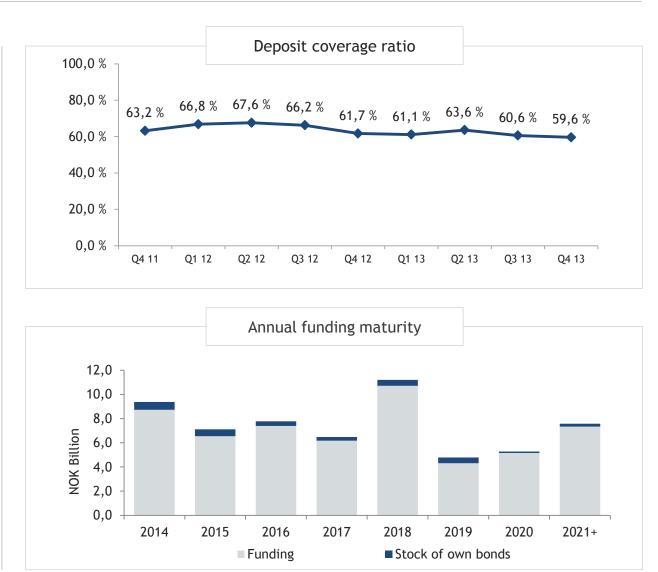
Solvency and liquidity position

Appendix



Deposit coverage ratio and market funding

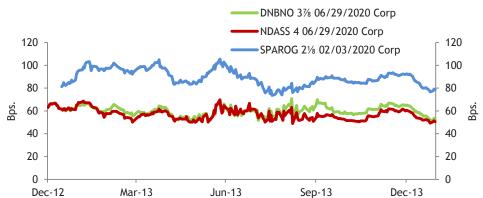
- The reduced deposit coverage ratio reflects our funding strategy in 2013 with a greater share of unsecured funding and the slightly reduced use of covered bond funding.
 - 6 outstanding euro-benchmarks (MEUR 500), one of which will mature every year from 2015 -2020
- Funding indicator 1 (ratio of illiquid assets financed by debt with a duration of more than 1 year) increased from 105,1 % to 111,5 % for the parent bank and from 103,9 % to 107,7 % on consolidated basis.
- Good liquidity and good access to market funding
 - Net refinancing need over the next 12 months is NOK 8.7 billion (excl. swap scheme)
 - Liquidity buffer for normal operation in 19 months without access to external funding.
 - In addition to the liquidity buffer, NOK 12.1 billion of home mortgages are prepared for transfer to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt.





Improved access to long-term funding in the Euromarket

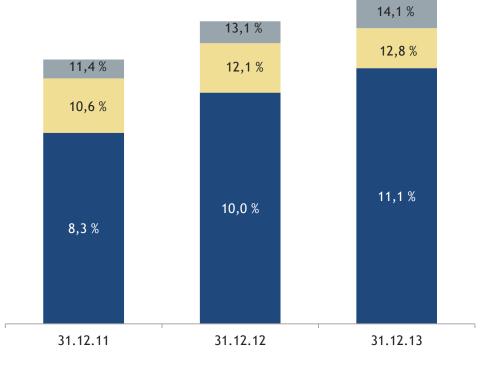




lssuer / Ticker	Coupon	Amount	Maturity	ISIN
SR-Bank / SPAROG	3,625 %	EUR500mn	24-March-2015	XS0497119486
SR-Bank / SPAROG	3,500 %	EUR500mn	21-April-2016	XS0551556409
SR-Bank / SPAROG	3,500 %	EUR500mn	27-March-2017	XS0762421195
SR-Bank / SPAROG	2,000 %	EUR500mn	14-May-2018	XS0853250271
SR-Bank / SPAROG	2,125 %	EUR500mn	27-February-2019	XS0965489239
SR-Bank / SPAROG	2,125 %	EUR500mn	03-February-2020	XS0876758664



- The "transitional rule" that the minimum requirement for IRB capital ratio cannot be reduced to less than 80 % in relation to the Basel I rules will be in force until the end of 2017.
- The use of different calculation models in the Nordic countries makes comparisons of actual financial strength difficult.
 - The Basel I floor is also practised differently. Norway applies the strongest interpretation.
- The increased LGD floor from 10 % to 20 % from 1 January 2014, would not have affected formal capital adequacy figures as per 31.12.2013.



■CET 1 capital ratio ■ Tier 1 capital ratio ■ Capital ratio



Core equity tier 1 capital being strengthened in line with the stricter regulatory requirements

- The new capital requirements entail a need to continue increasing core equity tier 1 capital
- Over the last two years the equity is strengthened by appr. NOK 4.0 billion, of which NOK 2.5 billion from retained earnings and NOK 1.5 billion through share issues.
- Core equity tier 1 capital will be strengthened further through good profitability and retained earnings, combined with limited growth in risk weighted balance.
- The target capitalisation level will, over time, be 0.5-1.0 % above the regulatory requirement.

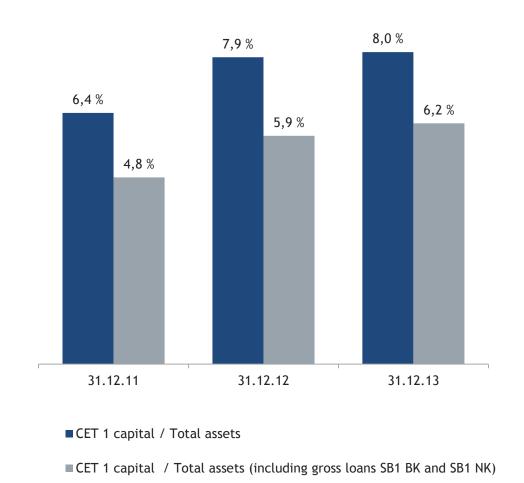


CET 1 capital and CET 1 capital ratio



Stronger core equity tier 1 capital ratio calculated on basis of unweighted balance sheet

- Core equity tier 1 capital ratio calculated on basis of unweighted balance sheet as of 31 December 2013 was 8.0% - 0.1 percentage points stronger than last year.
- Measured according to this expression of financial strength, SpareBank SR-Bank is very well capitalised and substantially exceeds the levels being discussed internationally.



SpareBank 1

Outlook

- Further reinforce our financial strength and funding in line with the new requirements. Will gradually adapt until the overall requirements have been fully clarified.
- Macroeconomic developments indicate moderate and subdued international growth.
- A somewhat higher level of uncertainty concerning economic developments, an increased supply of new homes, and stricter guidelines could affect house prices and result in a continued slowdown in the housing market.
- A high level of activity in the petroleum sector, major infrastructure projects and increasing house building are, however, contributing to a good level of activity and low unemployment in our core market area.
- Good access to long-term funding provide a good basis for sustaining our strong market position. Opportunities for new business with solid customers in markets with sensible margins.
- Continued sound portfolio quality and impairment losses on a par with 2013 are expected in the future as well.
- Good earnings from a diversified business model, more efficient operations and a continued moderate level of dividends, indicates we are well positioned to build up the necessary capital going forward.



Introduction to SpareBank 1 SR-Bank ASA

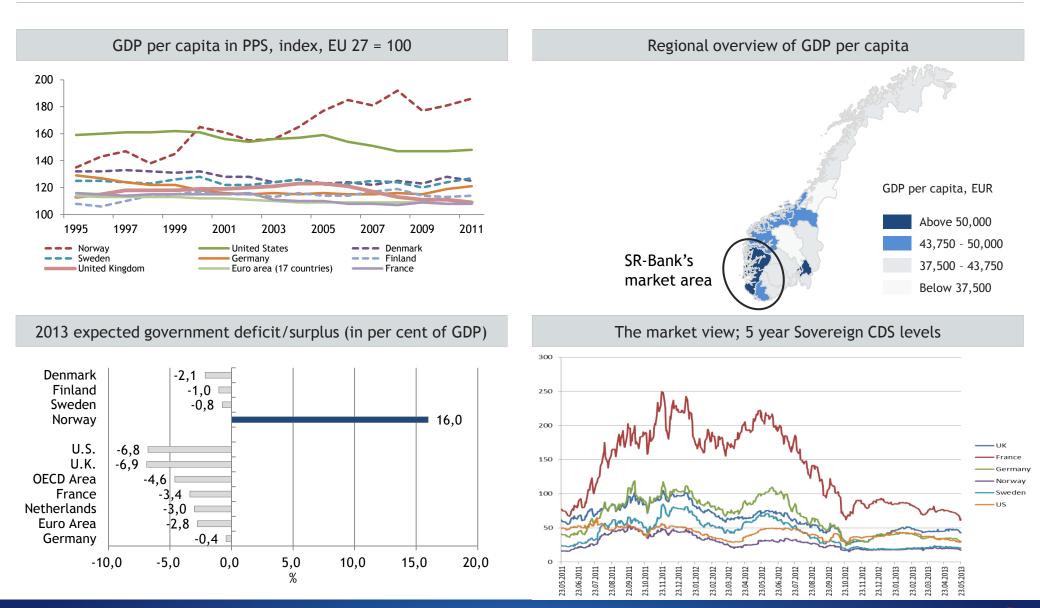
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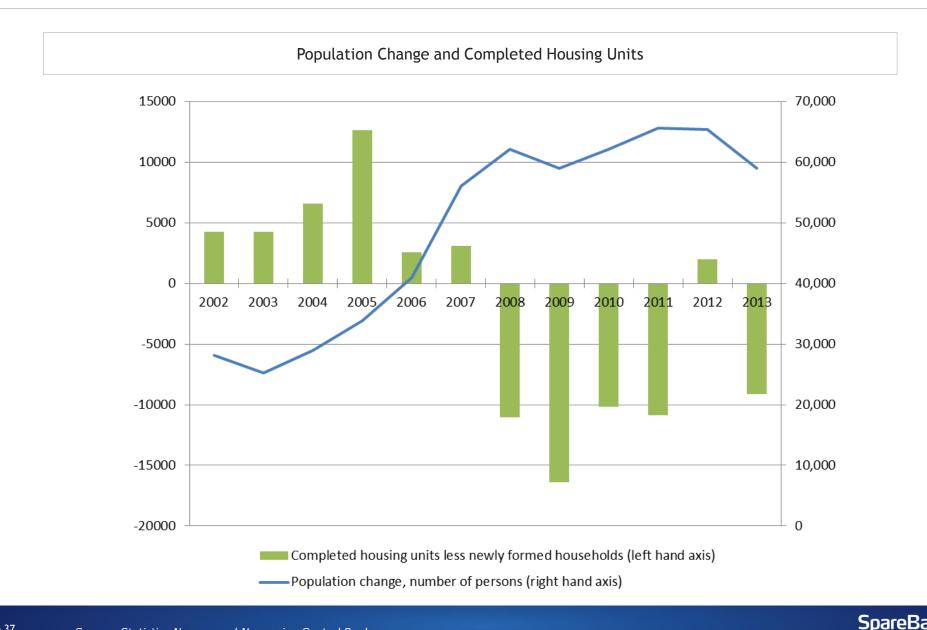


Norwegian Economy - A unique situation with a continuing budget surplus...



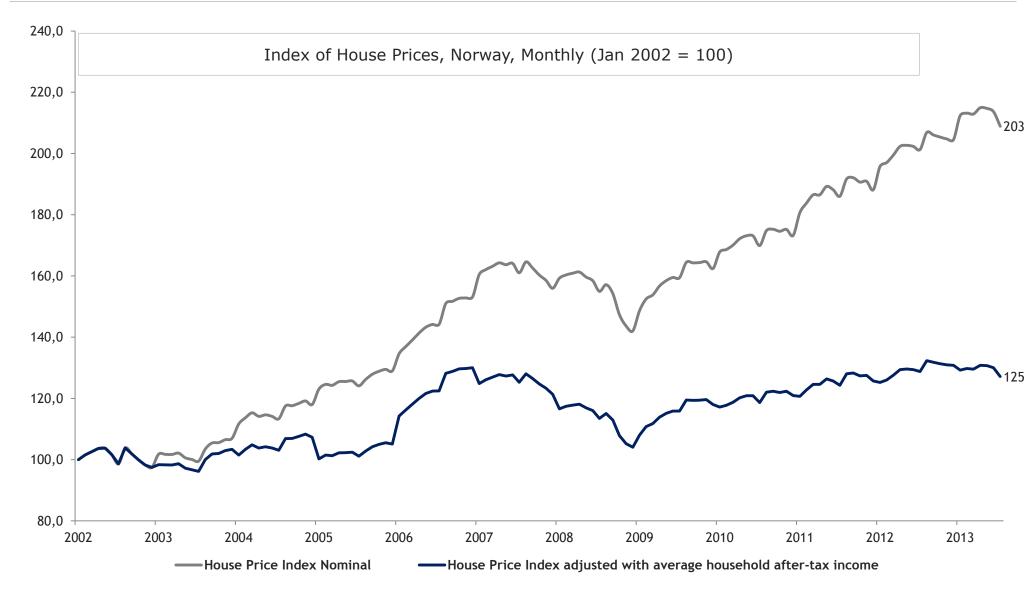
Spareb

Norwegian Housing and Mortgage Market





Norwegian Housing and Mortgage Market - Nominal and real house price development





"The financial objective of SpareBank 1 SR-Bank ASA is to achieve earnings that yield adequate, stable returns on the bank's equity, thereby creating value for owners through competitive returns in the form of dividends and share appreciation.

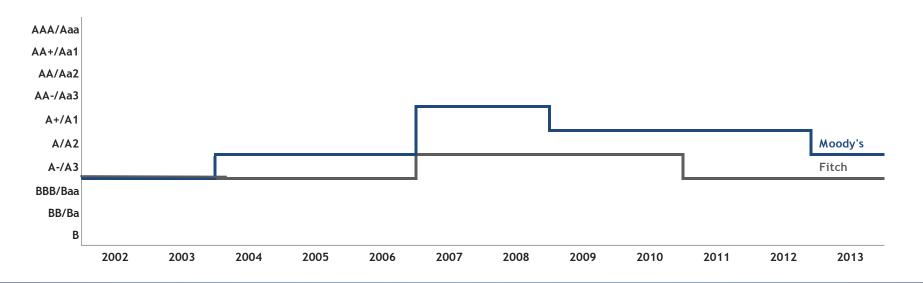
In determining the level of the annual dividend, considerations will be made towards SpareBank 1 SR-Bank ASA's future need for capital, including capital adequacy requirements, and strategic plans and targets. Unless capital requirements otherwise dictate, the Board of Directors' aim is that approximately half of the EPS is paid out."



Rating

Мос	ody's	Fi	itch
Long-term debt	A2	Long-term IDR	A-
Outlook	Stable	Outlook	Stable
Updated	30 August 2013	Updated	20 December 2013

Ratinghistory





SRBANK as at 31 December 2013

Ownership interests:		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
 –From Rogaland, Agder-counties and Hordaland: 53.0 % –International: 14.1 % –10 largest: 56.7 % 	Share price	60,25	37,20	40,70	57,00	50,00
-20 largest: 63.6 %	Marketvalue (MNOK)	15.409	9.514	5.182	7.257	6.047
 Number of owners: 11 151 (11 959) Employees owning 2.0 % 	Book value per share, NOK (group)	55,00	49,48	48,75	47,45	42,07
 Trading volume in Q4 2013: 6.3 % (4.2 %) 	Book value per share, NOK (parentbank)	49,71	44,23	42,81	41,80	36,85
	Earnings per share	7,27	5,32	5,42	6,84	6,88
	Dividend per share	1,60	1,50	1,50	2,75	1,75
	P/E	8,29	6,99	7,51	8,33	7,27
	P/BV (group)	1,10	0,75	0,83	1,20	1,19
	P/BV (parentbank)	1,21	0,84	0,95	1,36	1,36



Balance sheet

Balance sheet (MNOK)	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Cash and balances with central banks	1.265	1.314
Balances with credit institutions	1.253	1.087
Net loans to customers	119.525	108.758
Certificates, bonds and other fixed-income securities	21.065	18.677
Financial derivatives	4.923	4.578
Shares, ownership stakes and other securities	938	671
Business available for sale	85	85
Investment in associates	4.710	4.964
Other	3.221	1.409
Total assets	156.985	141.543
Balances with credit institutions	3.742	4.522
Public deposits related to covered bond swap scheme	6.429	7.299
Deposits from customers	71.667	67.594
Listed debt securities	52.328	40.691
Financial derivatives	2.013	2.282
Other liabilities	2.746	2.295
Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital instruments	4.004	4.223
Total liabilities	142.929	128.906
Total equity	14.056	12.637
Total liabilites and equity	156.985	141.543



Net commission and other income

	31.12	31.12					
MNOK	13	12	Q4 13	Q3 13	Q2 13	Q1 13	Q4 12
Payment facilities	233	205	59	66	56	52	47
Savings/placements	151	140	39	40	37	35	36
Insurance products	164	156	41	41	42	40	51
Commission income real estate (EM1)	433	427	108	101	127	97	99
Guarantee commission	104	89	23	29	26	26	21
Arrangement- and customer fees	91	75	45	15	14	17	31
Other	37	35	7	7	12	11	5
Net commission and other income excl. SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt	1.213	1.127	322	299	314	278	290
Commission income SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt	611	339	167	167	151	126	121
Net commission and other income incl. SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt	1.824	1.466	489	466	465	404	411



	31.12	31.12					
МЛОК	13	12	Q4 13	Q3 13	Q2 13	Q1 13	Q4 12
Dividend	33	25	-2	3	32	0	0
Investment income, associates	355	265	95	130	31	99	22
Securities gains/losses	-81	130	13	-38	-55	- 1	23
- of which capital change in shares and certificates	46	61	42	11	-28	21	46
- of which capital change in certificates and bonds	-127	69	-29	-49	-27	-22	-23
Currency/interest gains/loans	248	158	89	42	54	63	52
- of which currency customer- and own-account trading	135	136	46	24	35	30	33
- of which IFRS-effects	113	22	43	18	19	33	19
Net income on investment securities	555	578	195	137	62	161	97



Subsidiaries

MNOK	31.12.13	31.12.12
EiendomsMegler 1 SR-Eiendom AS*		
Number of sales	7.246	7.449
Operating profit before tax	41,9	86,4
SpareBank 1 SR-Finans AS		
Total assets (BNOK)	6,4	6,1
Operating profit before tax	149,0	115,2
SR-Forvaltning AS		
Portfolio (BNOK)	7,7	6,1
Operating profit before tax	22,4	18,5
SR-Investering AS		
Operating profit before tax	11,8	21,5
Other		
Operating profit before tax	-1,4	0,5
Total subsidiaries		
Profit before tax	223,7	242,1
* 2012 was affected by non-recurring items (decrease in or pension scheme.	costs) of NOK 40.0 million	n related to a



Ownership interests

МЛОК	31.12.13	31.12.12
SpareBank 1 Gruppen AS (19,5 % interest ownership)		
Profit after tax	218,1	88,0
Adjusted profit previous years	-1,6	9,3
SparaBank 1 Boligkroditt AS (26.2% interast ownership)		
SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS (26,2 % interest ownership) Profit after tax	64,7	84,3
	1,8	01,0
Adjusted profit previous years	1,0	
SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS (27,3 % interest ownership)		
Profit after tax	7,5	6,7
BN Bank ASA (23,5 % interest ownership)		
Profit after tax	59,2	43,7
Amortised	7,2	8,3
Other*		
Profit after tax	-1,8	25,0
Total ownership interests		
Profit after tax	355,1	265,4

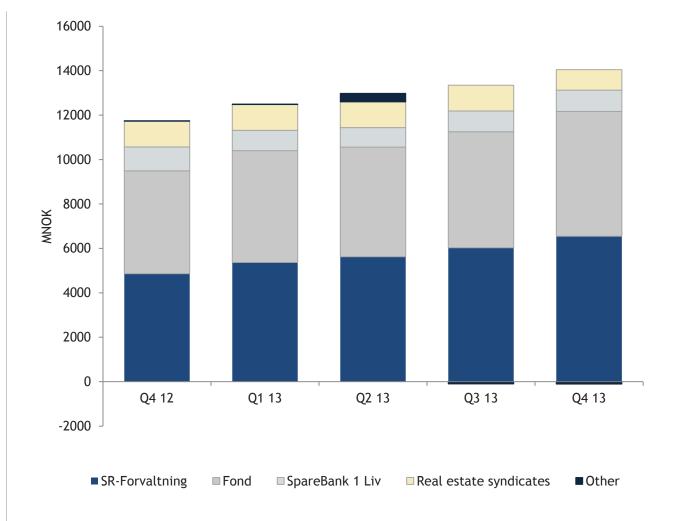
*Bank 1 Oslo Akershus is included in Other at 31.12.12, with 23.9 MNOK



	31.12	31.12					
Losses on loans in income statement (MNOK)	13	12	Q4 13	Q3 13	Q2 13	Q1 13	Q4 12
Corporate customers	145	161	87	9	22	27	28
Retail customers	17	6	-7	23	3	-2	-2
Change in collective impairment losses on loans	-30	-30	-30	0	0	0	0
Net impairment losses on loans	132	137	50	32	25	25	26
	31.12	31.12	31.12	30.09	30.06	31.03	31.12
Impairment losses on loans (MNOK)	31.12 13	31.12 12	31.12 13	30.09 13	30.06 13	31.03 13	
Impairment losses on loans (MNOK) Corporate customers			13				12
· · · ·	13	12	13	13	13	13	12
Corporate customers	13 382	12 326	13 382 64	13 293	13 311	13 340	12 326 97



- Assets under management of NOK 13.9 billion as at 31 December 2013
 - Increase from NOK 12.0 billion as at 31 December 2012
 - 52 185 active savings contracts approximately NOK 45.0 million in monthly savings
- Most of the assets are managed by SR-Forvaltning and ODIN Forvaltning.

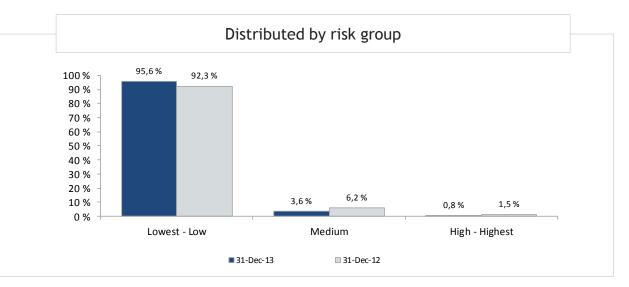


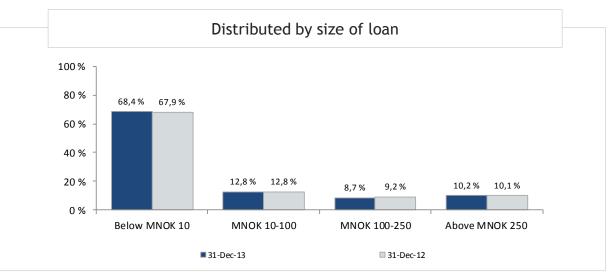


Risk profile of the loan portfolio

- 95.6 % of the loan portfolio satisfies the criteria for low and the lowest risk.
 Expected losses in this portion of the portfolio are very limited at 0.03 %.
- Exposure to high or the highest risk accounts for 0.8 %. Expected losses in this portion of the portfolio are 3.7 %.
- 68.4 % is to loans constituting exposures less than NOK 10 million. This corresponds to 99 % of all customers.
- 18.8 % is to customers who have an exposure in excess of NOK 100 million. The credit quality in this portion of the portfolio is better than in the rest of the corporate market portfolio.

* Expected loss through a business cycle





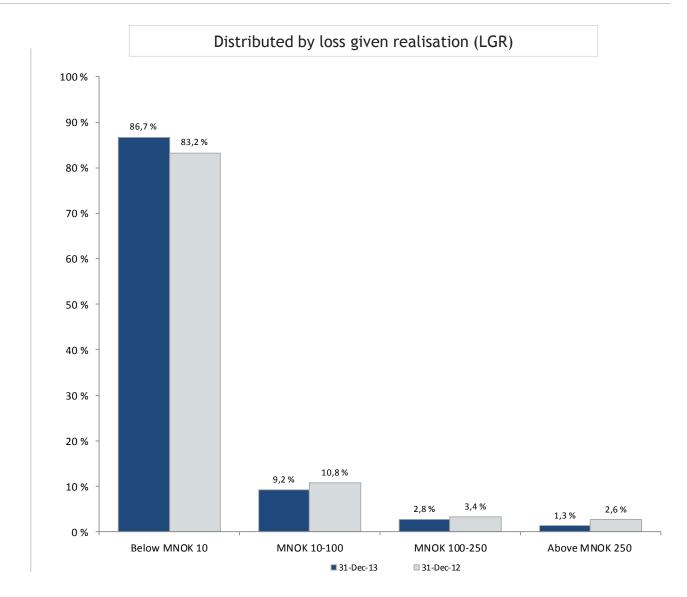


Low concentration of individual LGRs in the lending portfolio

- At the end of 2013, SpareBank 1 SR-Bank had a total of 23 commitments with estimated loss potential exceeding NOK 100 million.
- These commitments represent approximately 4 % of the total portfolio.
- This is a reduction from the end of 2012 when 32 such commitments made up 6 % of the portfolio.
- There is a clearly defined strategy behind this composition. The growth and risk profile are managed, for example, through special credit strategy limits for concentration risk.

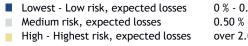
LGR (Loss given realisation). Estimated loss on realising a single loan. Corresponds to LGD without statistical correction for certain non-performing loans being reclassified as recoverable prior to collection. The calculation is based on the realisation value of assets pledged as security in an economic downturn.

The figures include lending portfolios in SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt.

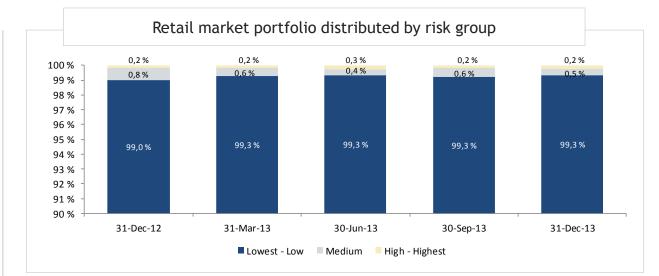


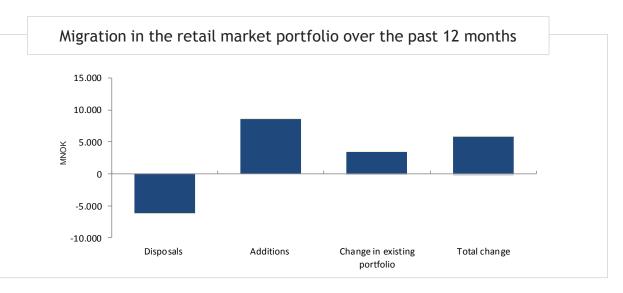


- The quality of the retail market portfolio is considered very good and with low potential losses.
- The development is characterised by stability, and 99.3 % are assessed to represent a low or the lowest risk.
- Most of the portfolio is secured against a mortgage on real estate, and lending is overall moderate compared to asset value.



0 % - 0.50 % 0.50 % - 2.00 % over 2.00 %



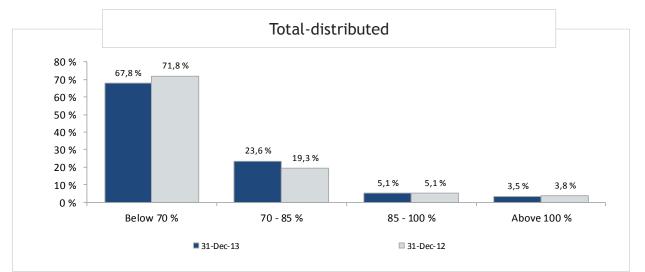


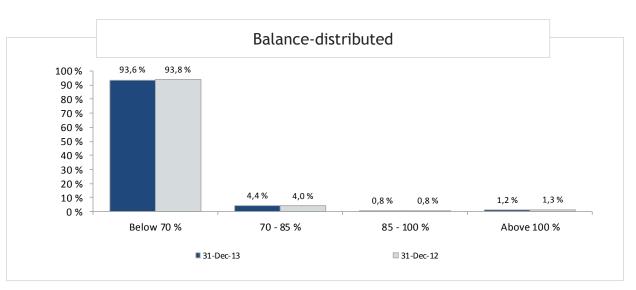
Spare

Figures include the portfolio transferred to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS.

Loan to value ratio on home mortgage loans

- The proportion of loans with a loan-to-collateral value ratio of less than 85% is very high and has also increased in 2013. It currently stands at 91.4%.
- 98 % of gross exposure is within 85 % of the assessed value of collateral. This means that only 2 % of gross exposure exceeds 85 % of the assessed value of collateral.





In a balance-distributed loan to value ratio, for loans that exceed 70% of the collateral's estimated market value, the excess amount is distributed among the other intervals. In a total-distributed loan to value ratio, the entire loan is allocated to one and the same interval.

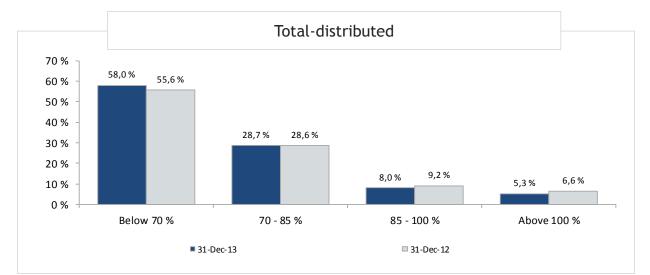
The figures include the loan portfolio in SB1 Boligkreditt.

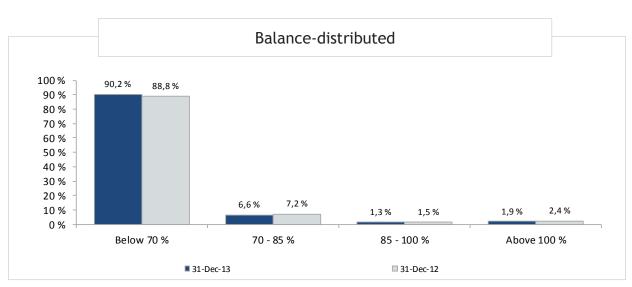


Loan to value ratio on home mortgage loans (excl Boligkreditt)

- SpareBank 1 SR-Bank has in the last year introduced restrictions to reduce the risk associated with new mortgages. These include stricter equity requirements and liquidity assessments when buying property, as well as more thorough risk assessments.
- There is an increasing proportion of loans within a 70 % loan to value ratio during the last year and a diminishing proportion of loans that have a loan to value ratio exceeding 85 %.
- Approximately 97 % of the exposure is within 85 % of the collateral's value, and about 3 % of the exposure exceeds 85 % of the collateral's value.

In a balance-distributed loan to value ratio, for loans that exceed 70 % of the collateral's estimated market value, the excess amount is distributed among the other intervals. In a total-distributed loan to value ratio, the entire loan is allocated to one and the same interval.







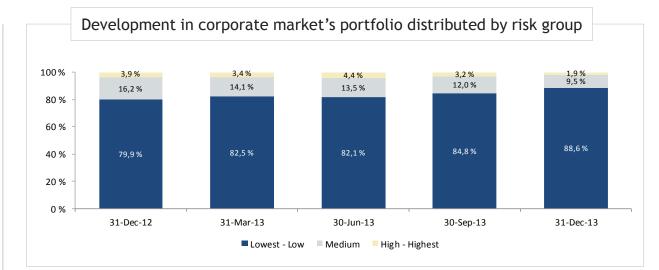
Lending to the corporate market - risk profile

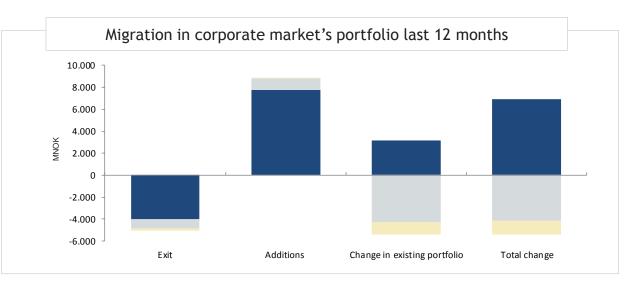
%

- The quality of the corporate market portfolio is considered to be good.
- The risk profile has improved*. The proportion of loans with expected losses of less than 0.5 % at the end of the quarter represent 88.6 %.
- The proportion of loans with expected losses in excess of 2 % has been reduced by approximately 50 % over the last 12 months and represented 1.9 % at the end of 2013.

* SpareBank 1 SR-Bank implemented an improved version of the scoring model for the corporate market portfolio in the first quarter of 2013. The effect of this is limited, but it means that historic figures are not fully comparable.

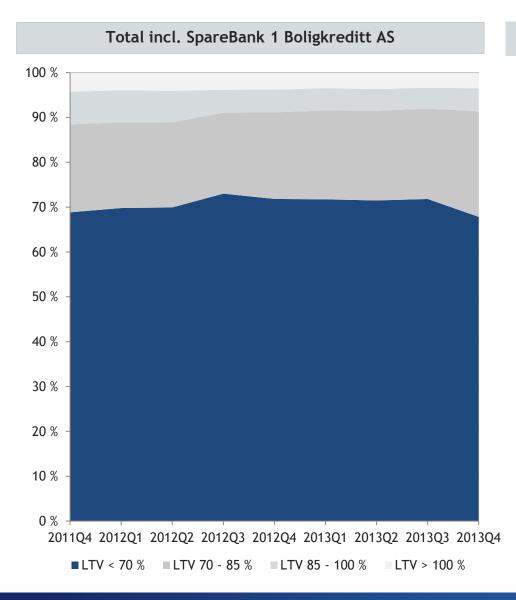
Lowest - Low risk, expected losses	0 % - 0.50 %
Medium risk, expected losses	0.50 % - 2.00
High - Highest risk, expected losses	over 2.00 %

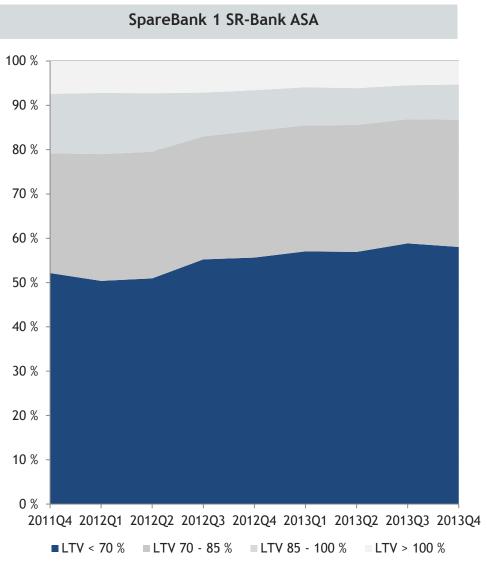






Historical LTV development for home mortgage loans

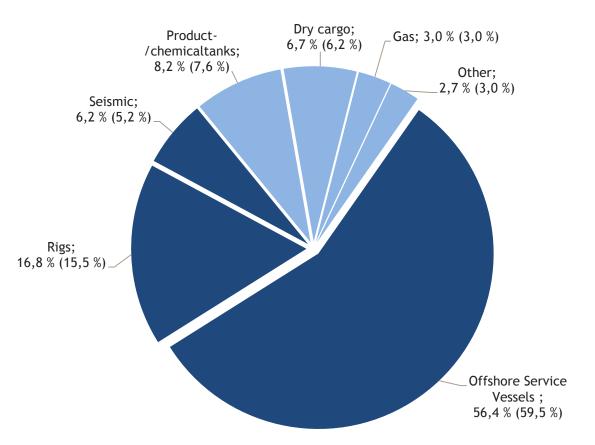




SpareBank 1

Low exposure to the shipping segment

- Lending to conventional shipping is low and represents 1.4 % of total loans
- Lending to the offshore sector represents 5.2 % of total loans
- Lending, undrawn credit limits and guarantees to these sectors total NOK 11.0 billion.
 - 20.6 % of the exposure is to conventional shipping
 - 79.4 % of the exposure is to the offshore sector

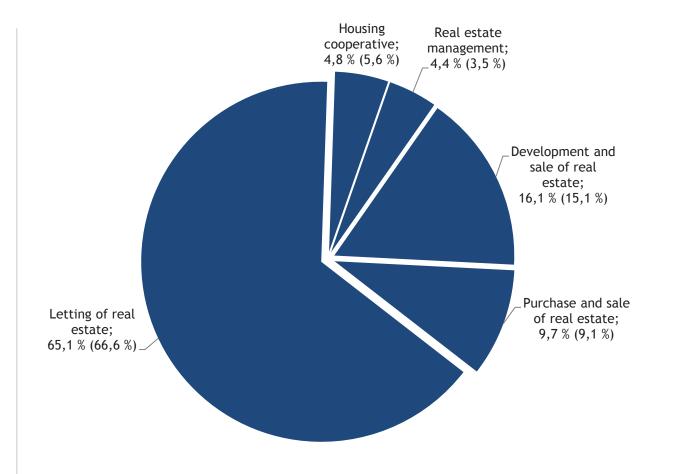


Sector allocation in accordance with the standard categories from Statistics Norway. All figures in %. Figures as at 31.12.2012 in brackets.



Lending to commercial property

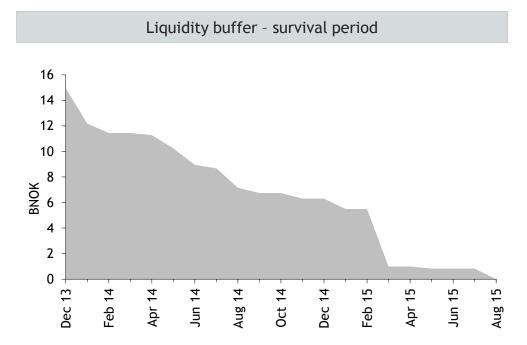
- Lending to commercial property constitutes 15.4 % of total loans, which is stable compared to last year.
- The portfolio is characterised by lending to commercial properties for leasing with long-term contracts and financially solid tenants. The vacancy rate is limited. Interest rates for a significant portion of this portfolio have been hedged.



Sector allocation in accordance with the standard categories from Statistics Norway. All figures in %. Figures as at 31.12.2012 in brackets.



Liquidity portfolio



Category	Market value, MNOK	Share %	Of which, securities classified to amortised cost, MNOK
Norwegian government/municipal	1.010	7 %	0
SSA/Foreign guaranteed	2.522	18 %	0
Covered bonds (Norwegian/foreign)	9.897	72 %	0
Norwegian bank/finance	222	2 %	0
Foreign bank/finance	42	0 %	41
Industry/Other	146	1 %	0
Total liquidity portfolio	13.839	100 %	41

Liquidity portfolio

- Liquidity buffer at the end of the quarter: NOK 15.0 billion
- Other liquid assets:
 - Home mortgages prepared for transfer to mortgage company: NOK 12.1 billion
 - Commercial paper and bonds in the trading portfolio: NOK 0.3 billion

Liquidity buffer: cash, short-term investments, highly liquid bonds (including drawing rights in Norges Bank).

Providing deposits and lending remain unchanged, with no new borrowing during the period.



- Most of the bond portfolio is managed as part of the liquidity management activities. Bonds held for liquidity purposes are generally very low risk.
- No direct exposure to debt in EU peripheral countries.

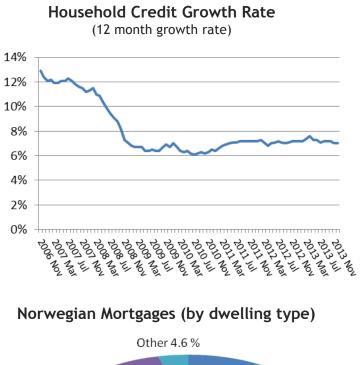
Risk category	Rating	Market value	Share
Very low risk	AAA, AA+, AA og AA-	13.514	64,5 %
Low risk	A+, A og A-	269	1,3 %
Moderat risk	BBB+, BBB og BBB-	142	0,7 %
High risk	BB+, BB og BB-	90	0,4 %
Very high risk	B+ og lavere	151	0,7 %
Total excl. Government swap scheme		14.166	67,6 %
Government swap scheme	AAA	6.796	32,4 %
Total portfolio		20.962	100,0 %
Of which liquidity purposes:			
Very low risk	AAA, AA+, AA og AA-	13.514	64,5 %
Low risk	A+, A og A-	264	1,3 %
Moderat risk	BBB+, BBB og BBB-	60	0,3 %
High risk	BB+, BB og BB-	0	0,0 %
Very high risk	B+ og lavere	0	0,0 %
Total liquidity portfolio		13.839	66,0 %
Government swap scheme	AAA	6.796	32,4 %
Total liquidity purposes		20.635	100,0 %
Of which trading purposes:			
Very low risk	AAA, AA+, AA og AA-	0	0,0 %
Low risk	A+, A og A-	5	1,4 %
Moderat risk	BBB+, BBB og BBB-	81	24,8 %
High risk	BB+, BB og BB-	90	27,5 %
Very high risk	B+ og lavere	151	46,3 %
Total trading portfolio		327	100,0 %

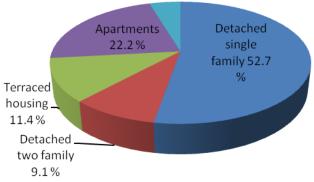
All amounts in MNOK.



Norwegian Housing and Mortgage Market Key Characteristics

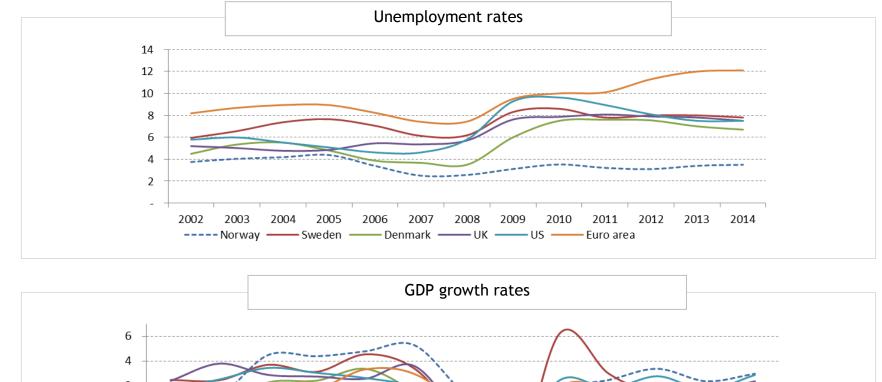
Market	 Total mortgage market approx NOK 2,000 billion (approx USD 360bn, €260bn) Banks and credit institutions are the dominant supplier of mortgages with over 90% market share Typical maturity 25-30 years and repayment mortgages No subprime market
Home Ownership	 80% of households owner occupied (little buy to let) Amongst the highest home ownership in the world
Social Security	 Generous unemployment benefits Unemployment benefit represents ca 60% of final salary for 104 weeks
Personal Liability	 Borrowers are personally liable for their debt, also for outstanding debt post foreclosure and forced sale Swift foreclosure regime upon non-payment Individual borrowers have tight relationship with their lenders Transparent information about borrowers
Regulation	 Max Loan to value: 85% (75% legal limit for cover pool) Interest only mortgages: max70% LTV 5% mortgage interest rate increase as stress test New Proposed risk weighting for mortgages 35%
Interest Payments	 90-95% of mortgages are variable rate Interest rates can be reset at the lender's discretion, by giving the debtor 6 weeks notice
Tax Incentives	 28% of interest paid is tax deductible (equal to the basic rate of tax) Low effective real estate tax (lower net worth tax on real estate than financial assets)

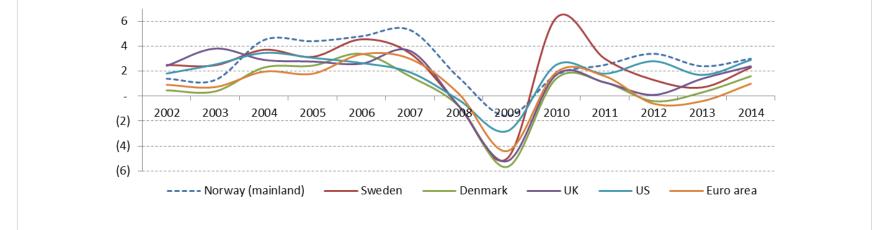




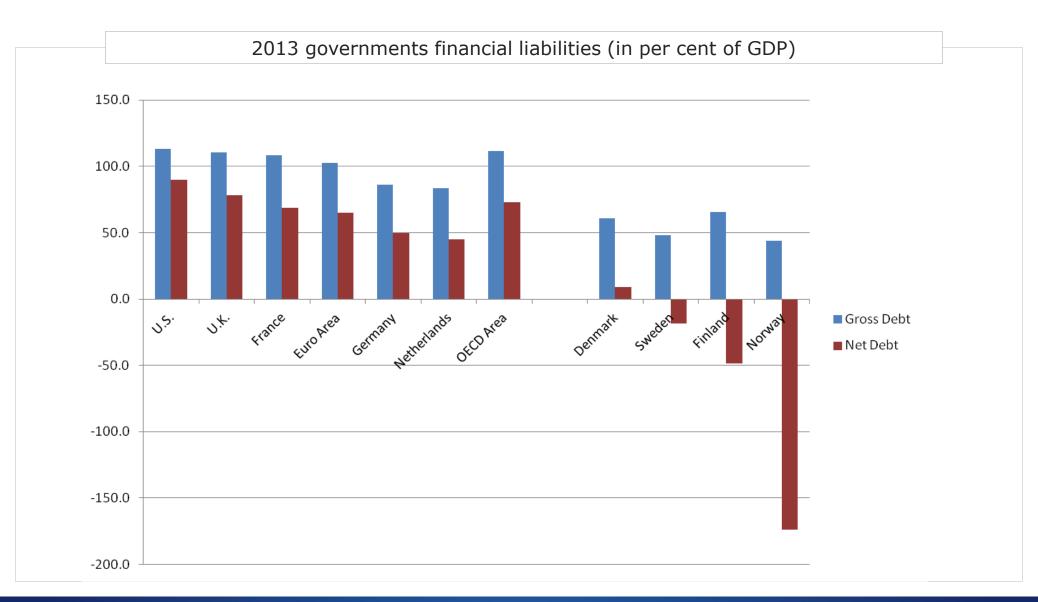


Norwegian Economy - international context





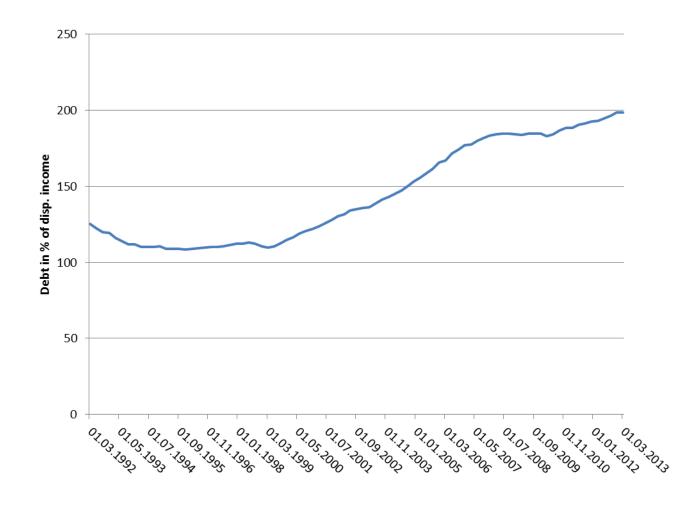






Aggregate Household Debt Burden

Total Debt burden in per cent of household income (after tax)



<u>Norway:</u>

- All HH debts included in the statistic, question of int'l comparability
- High home ownership (mortgage debt rather than rent commitments)
- Generous benefits (pensions, healthcare, education, childcare, maternity, unemployment)
- Income growth over the last decades has far outpaced the cost of necessities in the time period shown
- •HH savings rate is high (8.6% in 2012): debt reduction possible
- FSA advises limit on mortgage debt underwriting in private banks: 85% LTV; 3x HH income; stress-test of ability to repay; effective from 2H 2011

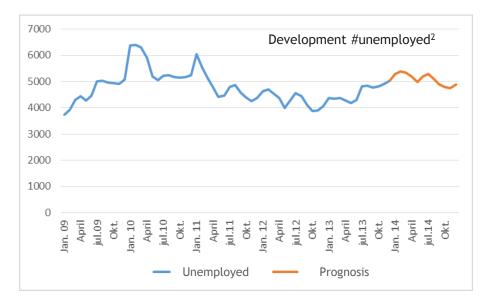


An important indicator - companies are relatively positive to 2014

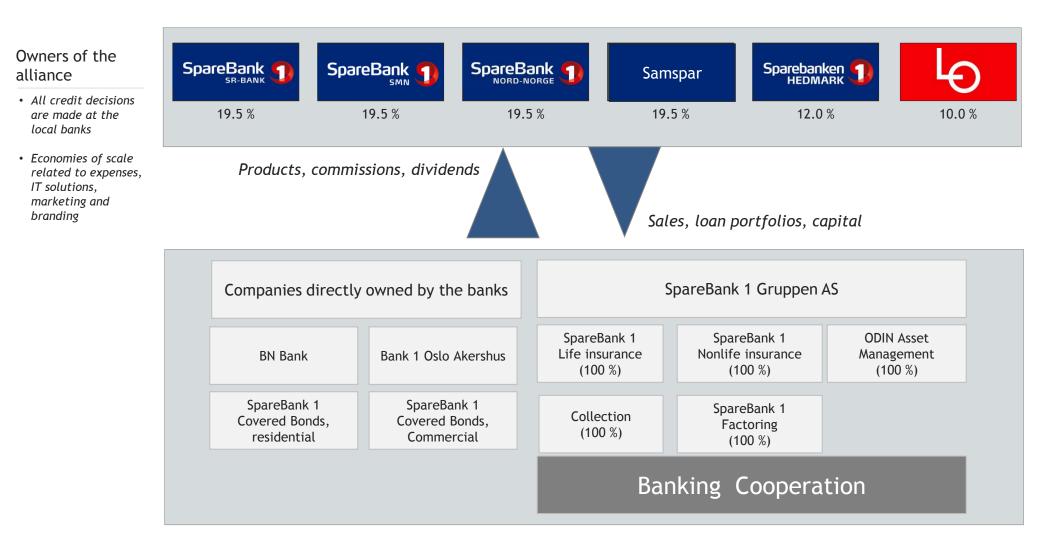


- Business survey conducted November 2013
- 334 companies participated represents approximately 40 000 employees
- 4 clusters and 7 industries covers a representative number of companies





¹ Share of companies that expecting an increase minus those expecting a decline **SpareBank** ² Source: NAV (The Norwegian Labour and Welfare Service)





Our vision: Recommended by customers

Primary objective

- SpareBank 1 SR-Bank ASA is committed to value creation in the bank's core market area
- Sustainable contribution to the value creation process in the region through;
 - Sustainable an profitable business model •
 - Owner friendly and stable dividend policy ٠

Financial targets

- ROE 13-15 % at a normalised level of interest rates
- Top 50 % ROE and cost/income in a Nordic benchmark
- CET1 capital ratio at 0.5-1.0 % above the regulatory requirement

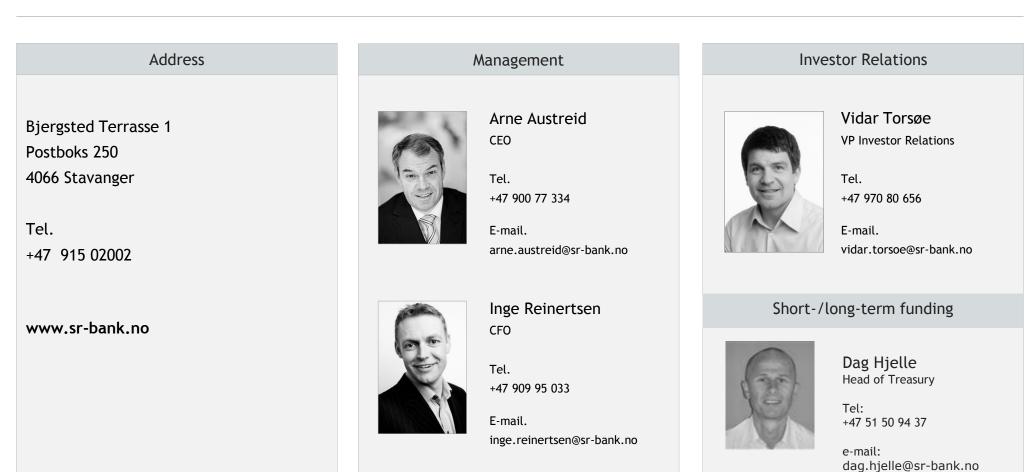
Strategic goals Strategic focus Most attractive and preffered partner for financial Targeted customer growth and increased product services in South-Western Norway, based on; mix Good customer experience

- Strong team spirit and professionalism
- Local anchoring and local decisions
- Solvency, profitability and trust by the market

- Innovative and continuing focus on efficiency
- Expertise adapted to future customer needs
- Sustainable and diversified funding mix



Contact Details



SpareBank 1